

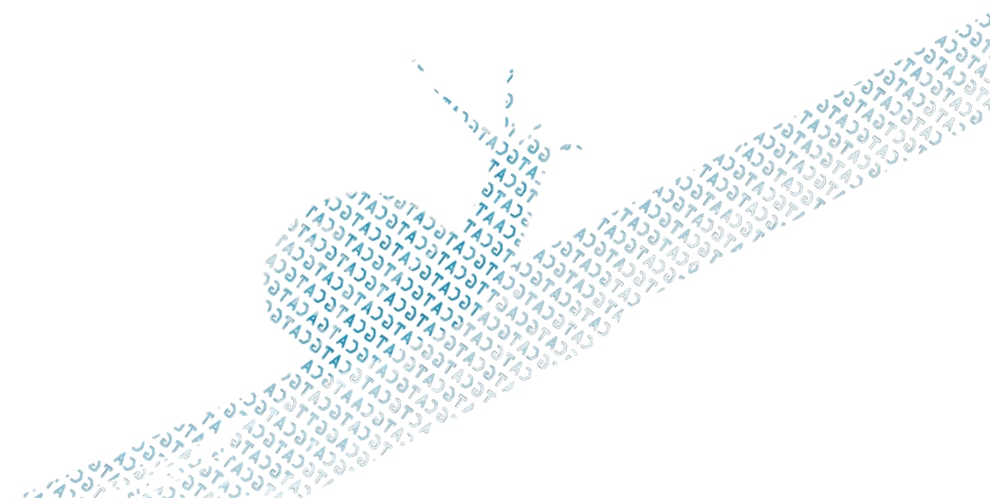
Next Generation Sequencing

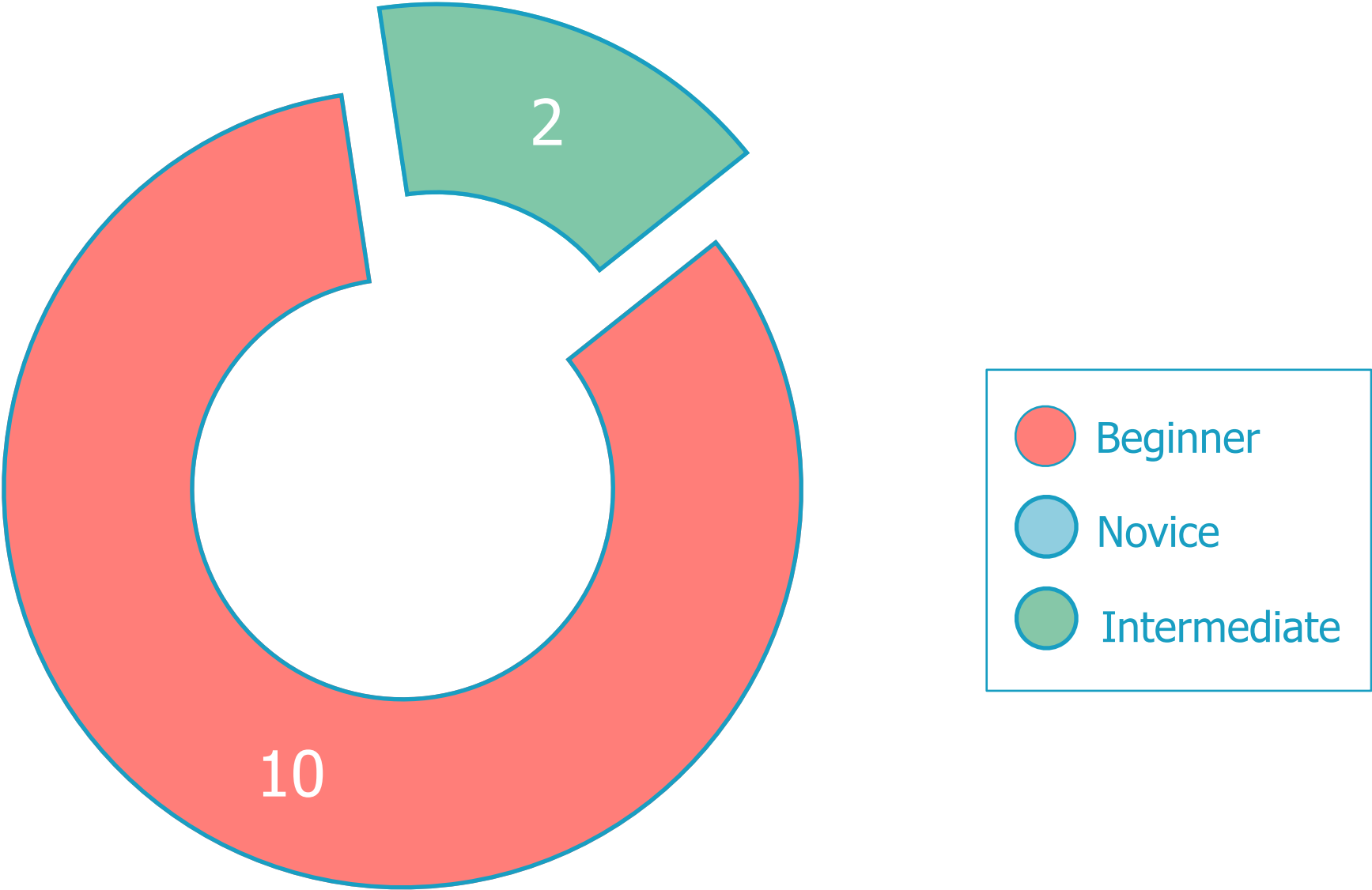
Monday, June 17, 2024

Genetic Diversity: Analysis

Massive Parallel Sequencing

Monday, 17th June 2024





First Generation Sequencing

Sanger Sequencing

Second Generation Sequencing

Next Generation Sequencing (NGS)

Third Generation Sequencing

Single Molecule Sequencing

Fourth Generation Sequencing

??? Sequencing

First Generation Sequencing
Sanger Sequencing

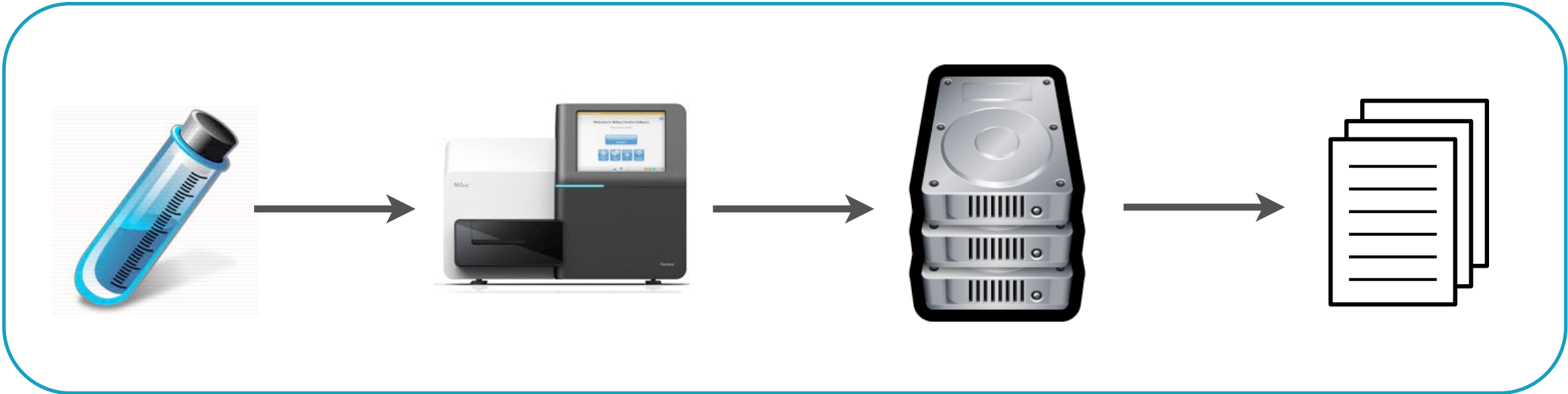
Second Generation sequencing
Next Generation Sequencing (NGS)

Third Generation Sequencing
Single Molecule Sequencing

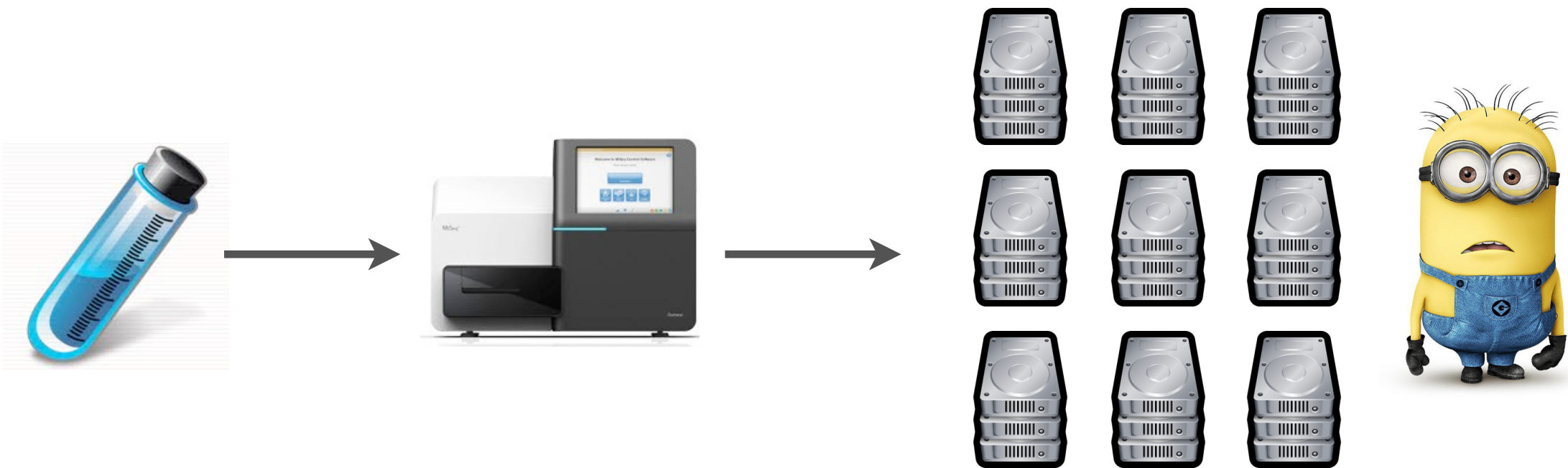
Fourth Generation Sequencing

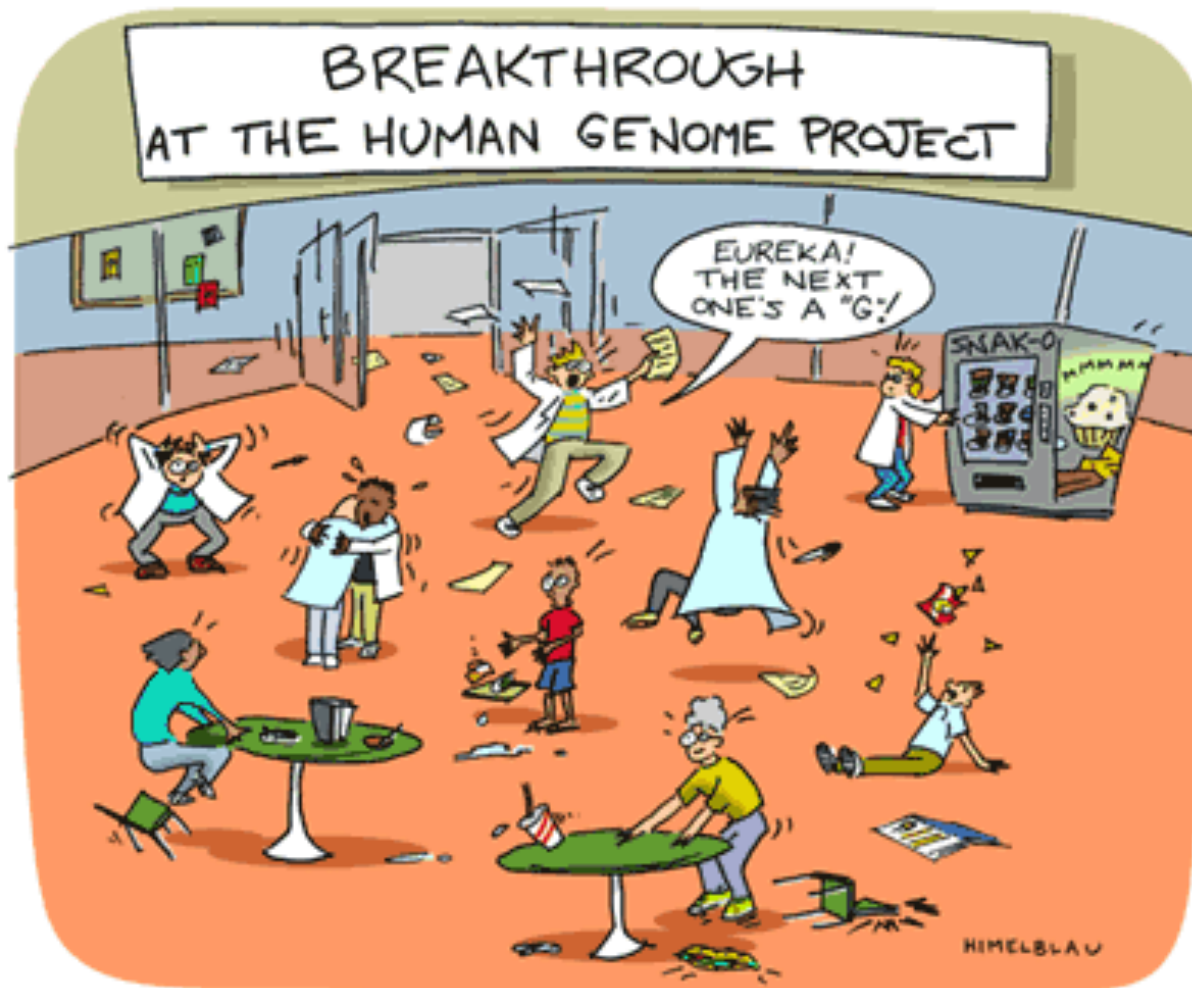
Massive
Parallel
Sequencing

Next Generation Sequencing **Hype**



Next Generation Sequencing **Reality**







Actually, that's the coffee machine...this is the next-gen sequencer.

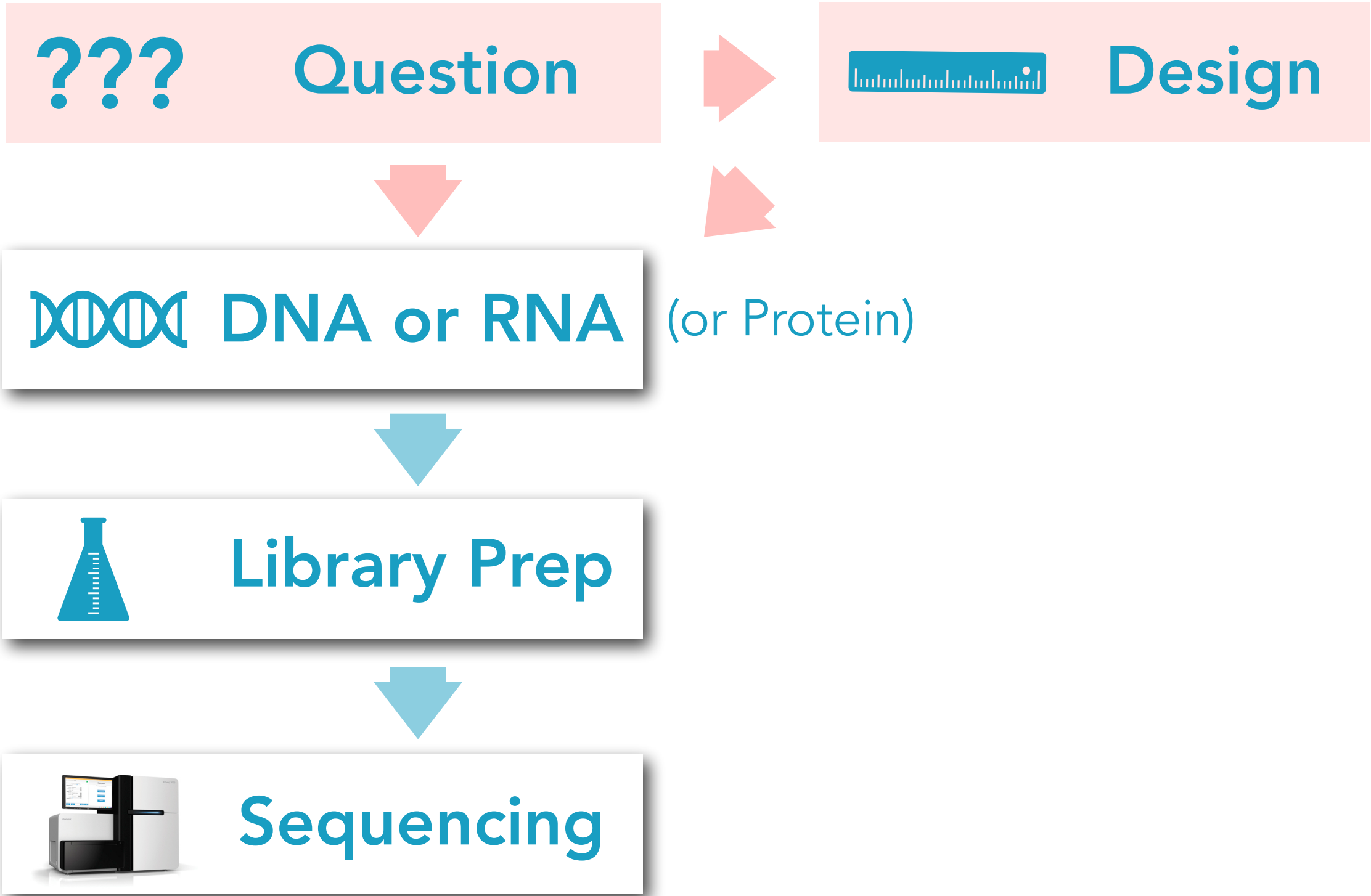
The **First Law of Technology** says we invariably **overestimate** the **short-term impact** of a truly transformational discovery, while **underestimating** its **longer-term effects**.

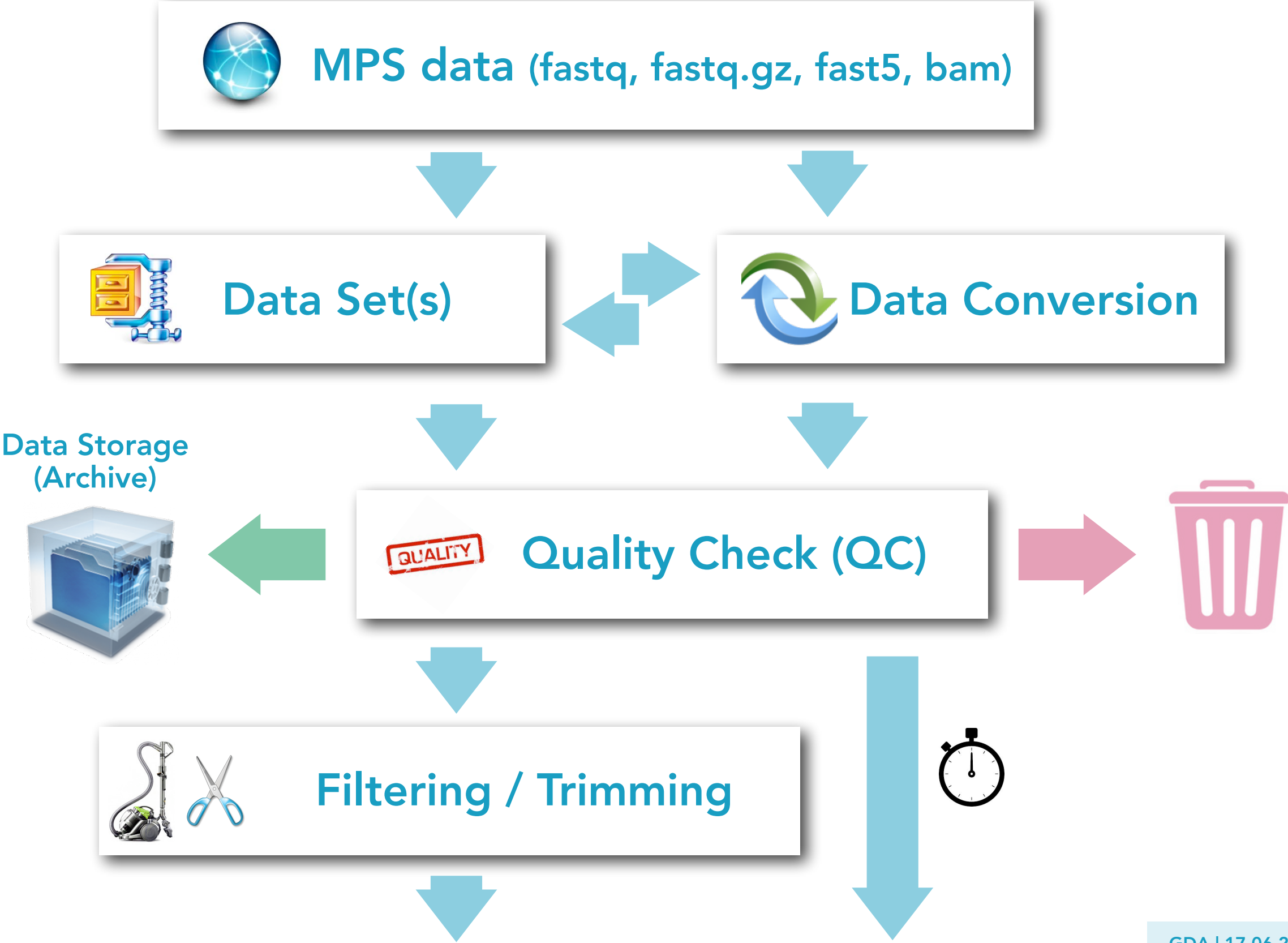
<https://www.scientificamerican.com/>

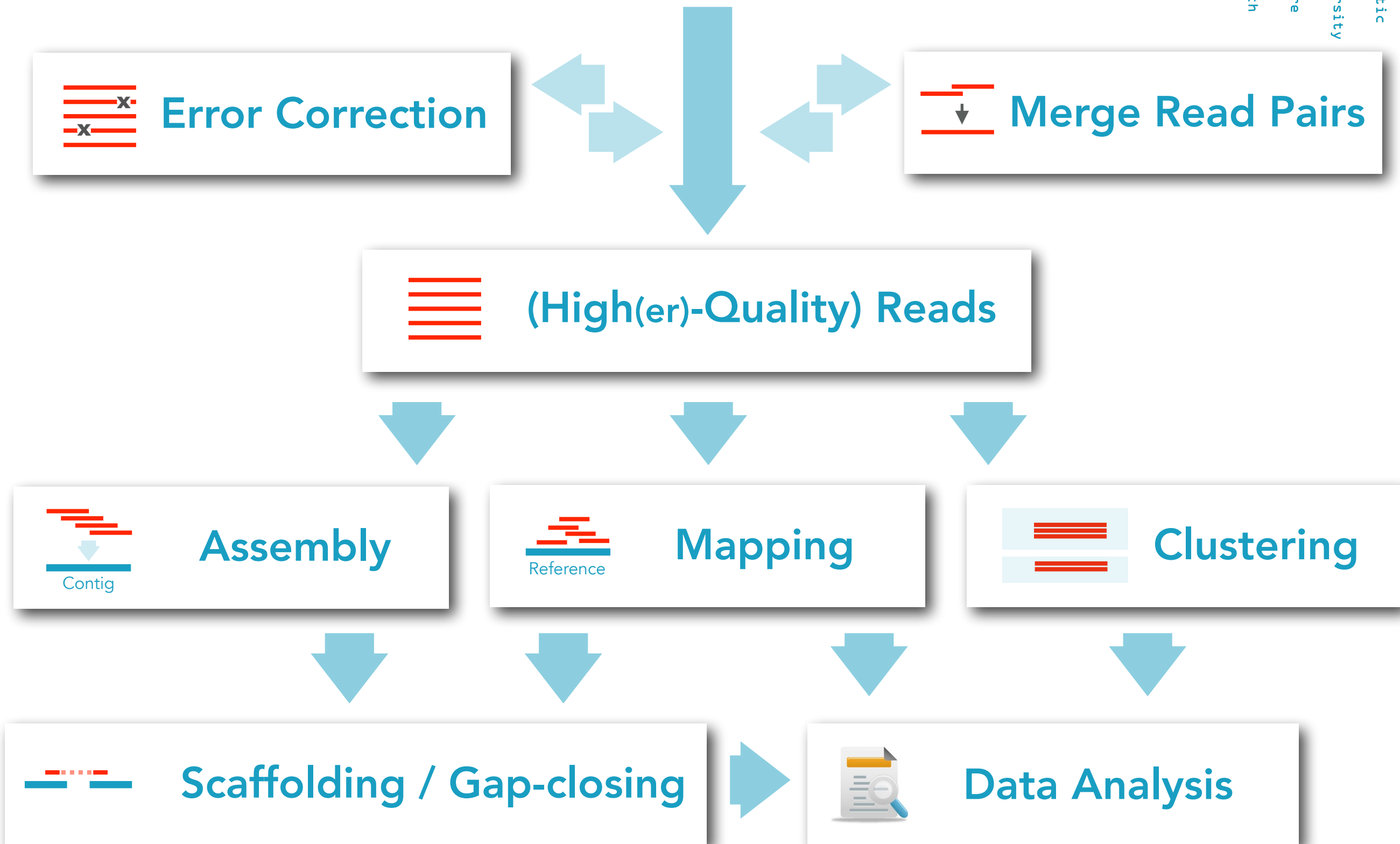
“The Human Genome Project has had a considerable effect on research and society more generally, but questions about what a human genome reference is today and how it can benefit human health remain to be resolved.”

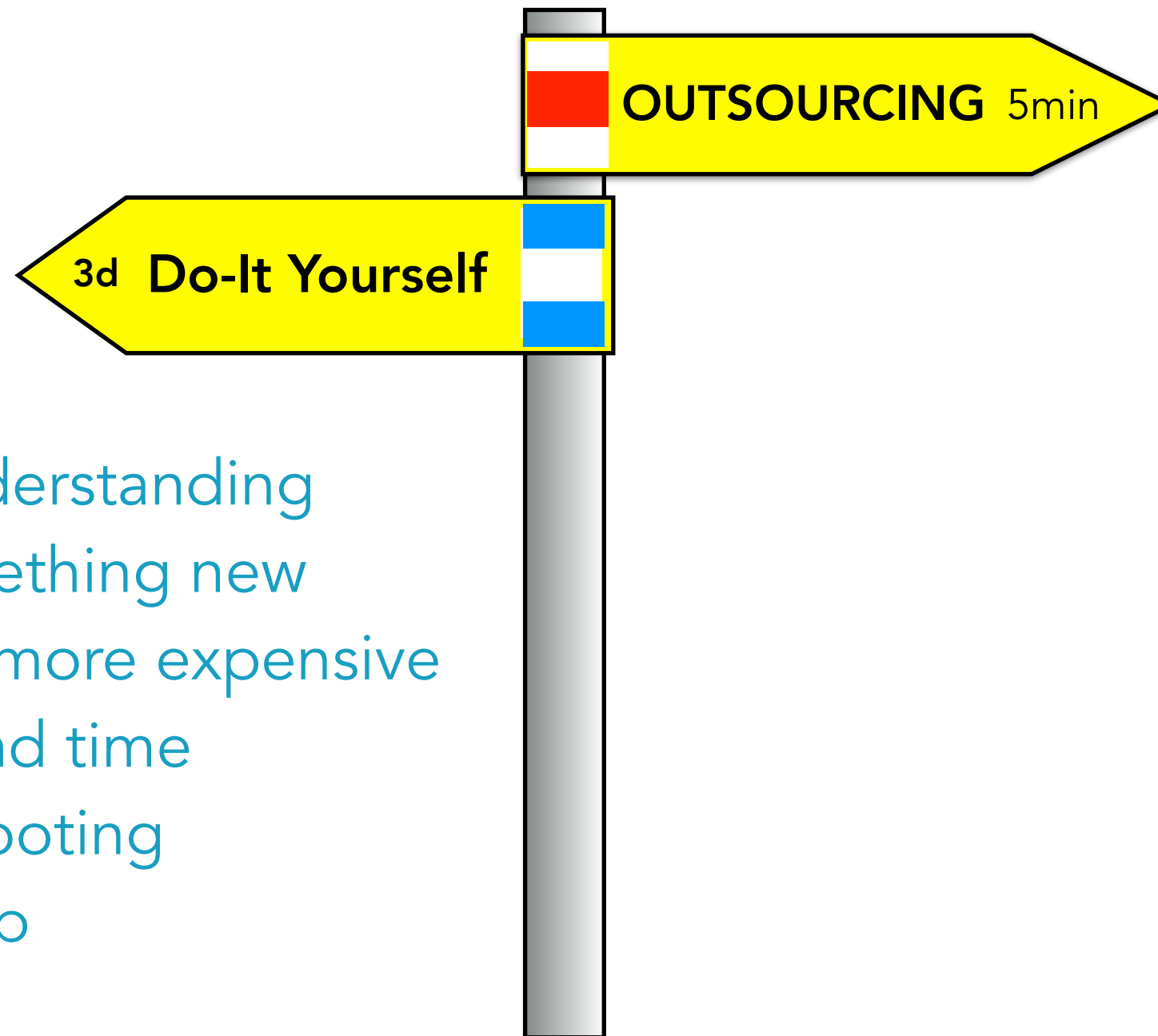
Source: Rood and Regev (2021) The legacy of the Human Genome Project. Science Vol 373, Issue 6562, pp. 1442-1443.

(A-)Typical Workflow





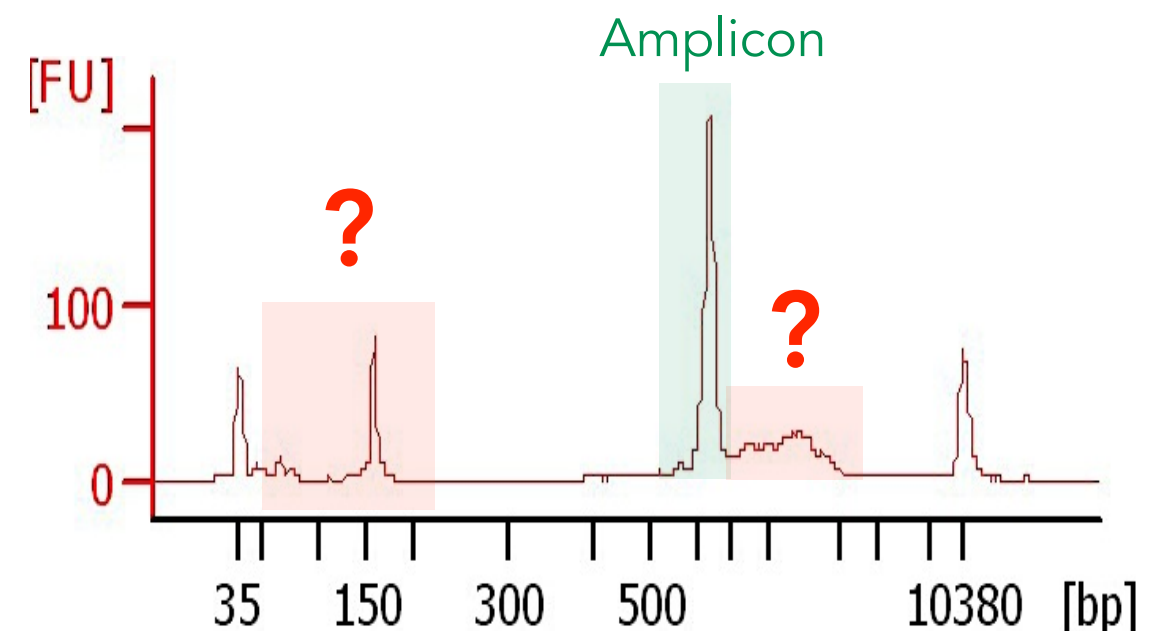
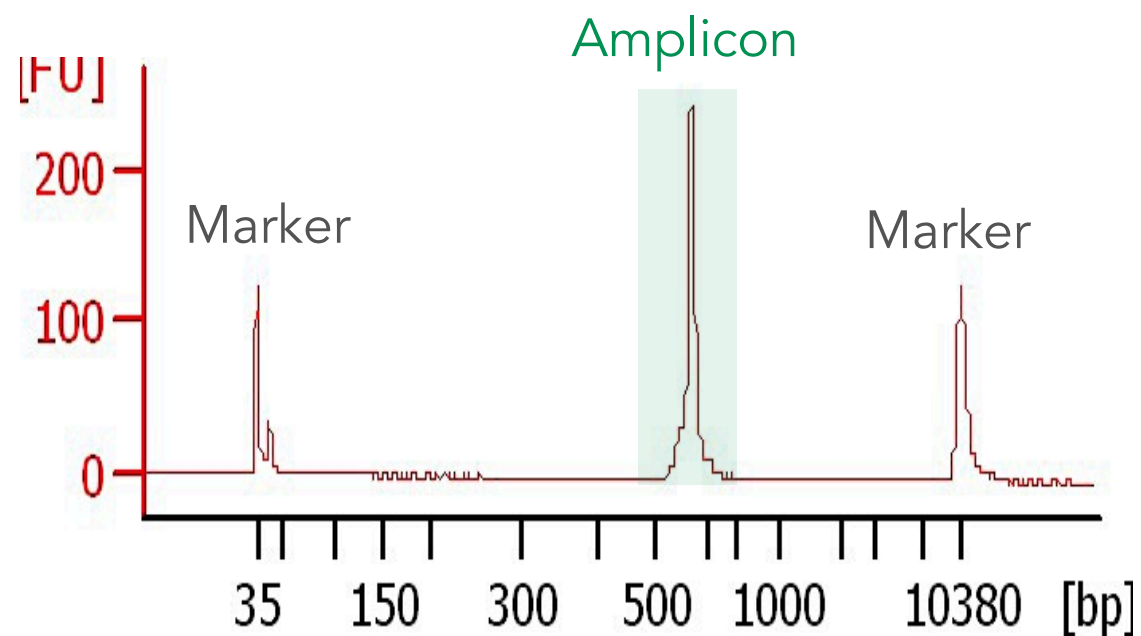




- better understanding
- learn something new
- often not more expensive
- turn-around time
- troubleshooting
- data mixup



Example: Fragment Length Analysis

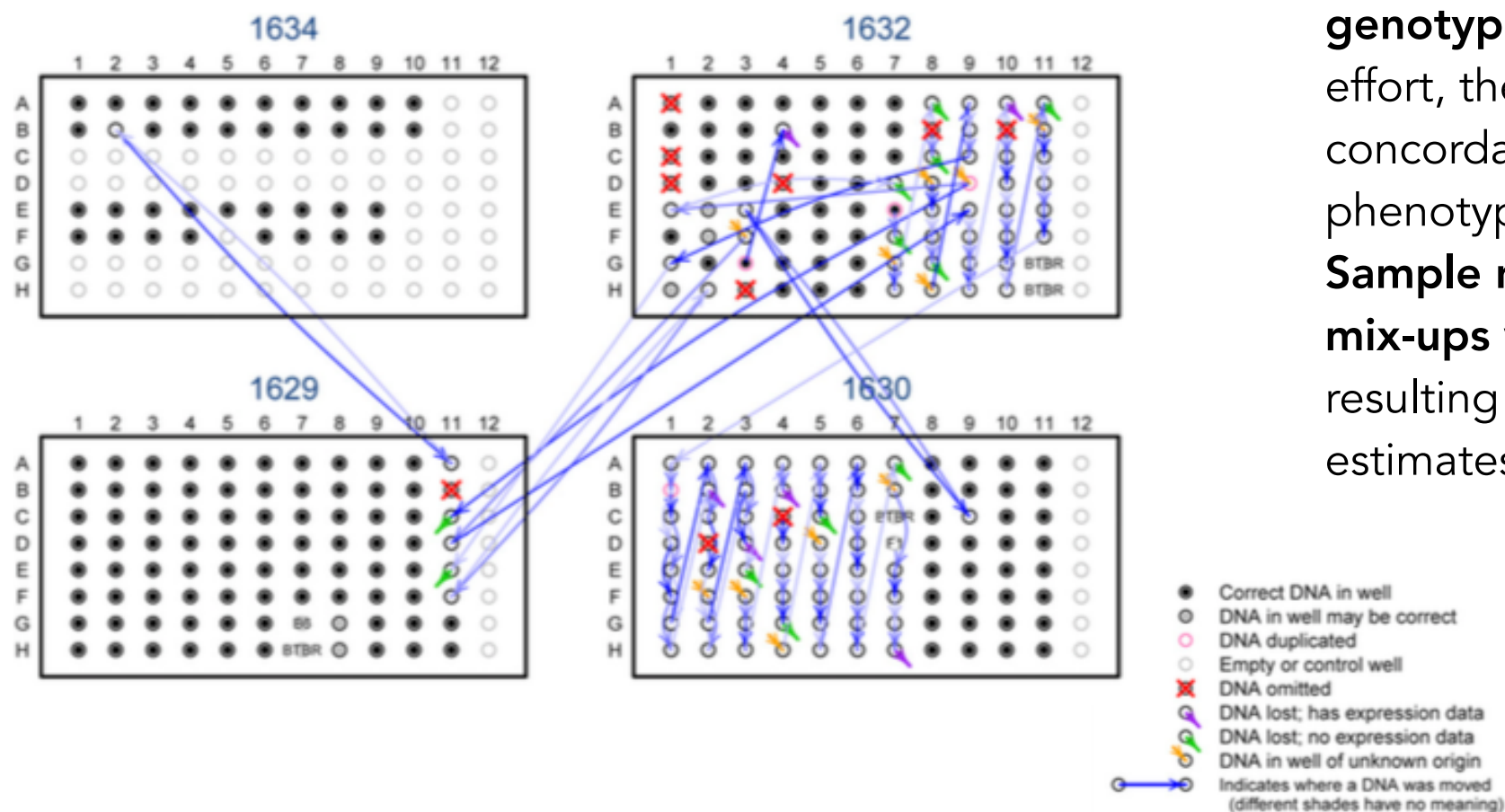


Identification and Correction of Sample Mix-Ups in Expression Genetic Data: A Case Study

Karl W. Broman,^{*,2} Mark P. Keller,[†] Aimee Teo Broman,^{*} Christina Kendzierski,^{*} Brian S. Yandell,^{‡,§} Saunak Sen,^{**,1} and Alan D. Attie[†]

^{*}Department of Biostatistics and Medical Informatics, [†]Department of Biochemistry, [‡]Department of Statistics, and

[§]Department of Horticulture, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin 53706, and ^{**}Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics, University of California, San Francisco, California 94107



“To map the genetic loci influencing a complex phenotype, one seeks to establish an **association between genotype and phenotype**. In such an effort, the maintenance of the concordance between genotyped and phenotyped samples and data is critical. **Sample mislabeling and other sample mix-ups will weaken associations**, resulting in reduced power and biased estimates of locus effects.”

Sequencing Technologies

1 Sanger (chain termination)

Roche 454 Pyrosequencing (pyrophosphate)

Ion Torrent (semiconductor technology)

2 **Illumina** (fluorescent - sequencing by synthesis (SBS))

Singular Genomics (fluorescent - rapid SBS)

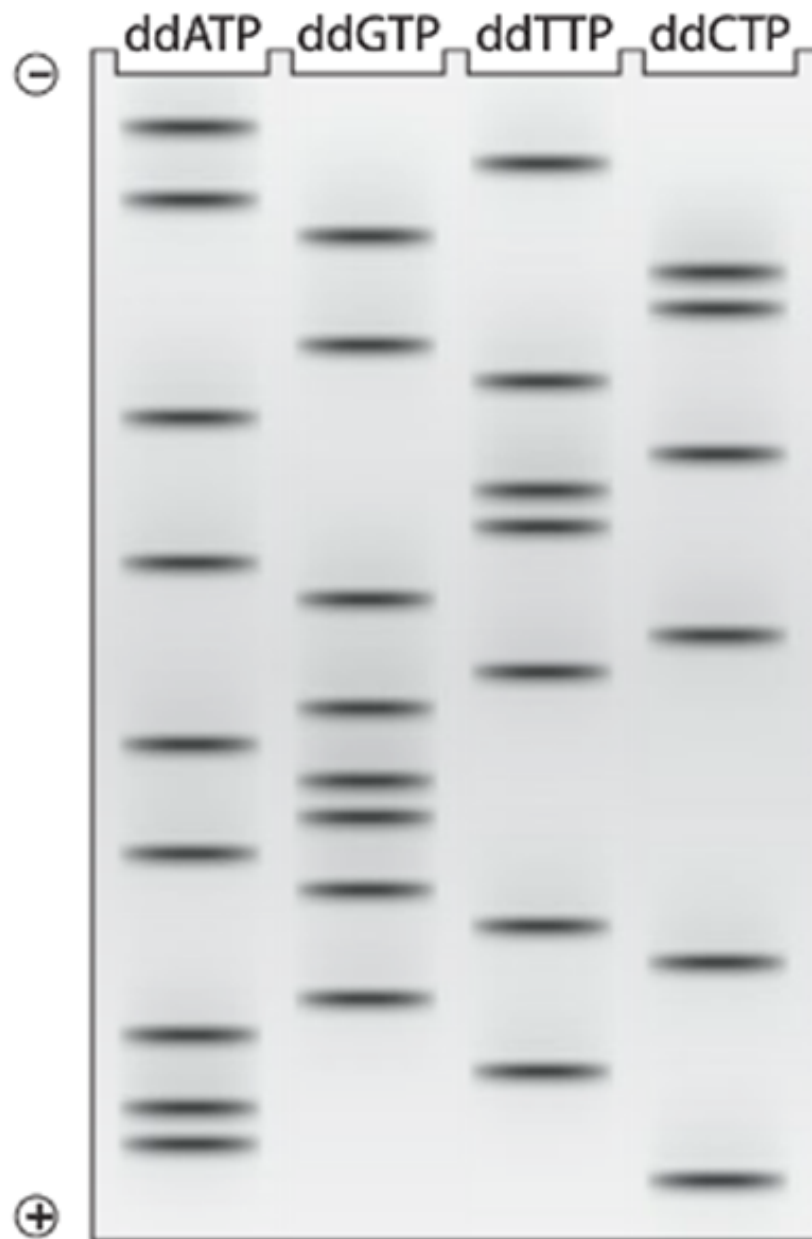
Aviti (fluorescent - sequencing by avidity)

PacBio (fluorophore)

3 **Nanopore** (ionic current)

Helicos - SeqLL (fluorescent)

4 Bionano - Saphyr (third-generation optical mapping)



The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1980

Paul Berg, Walter Gilbert, Frederick Sanger



Paul Berg

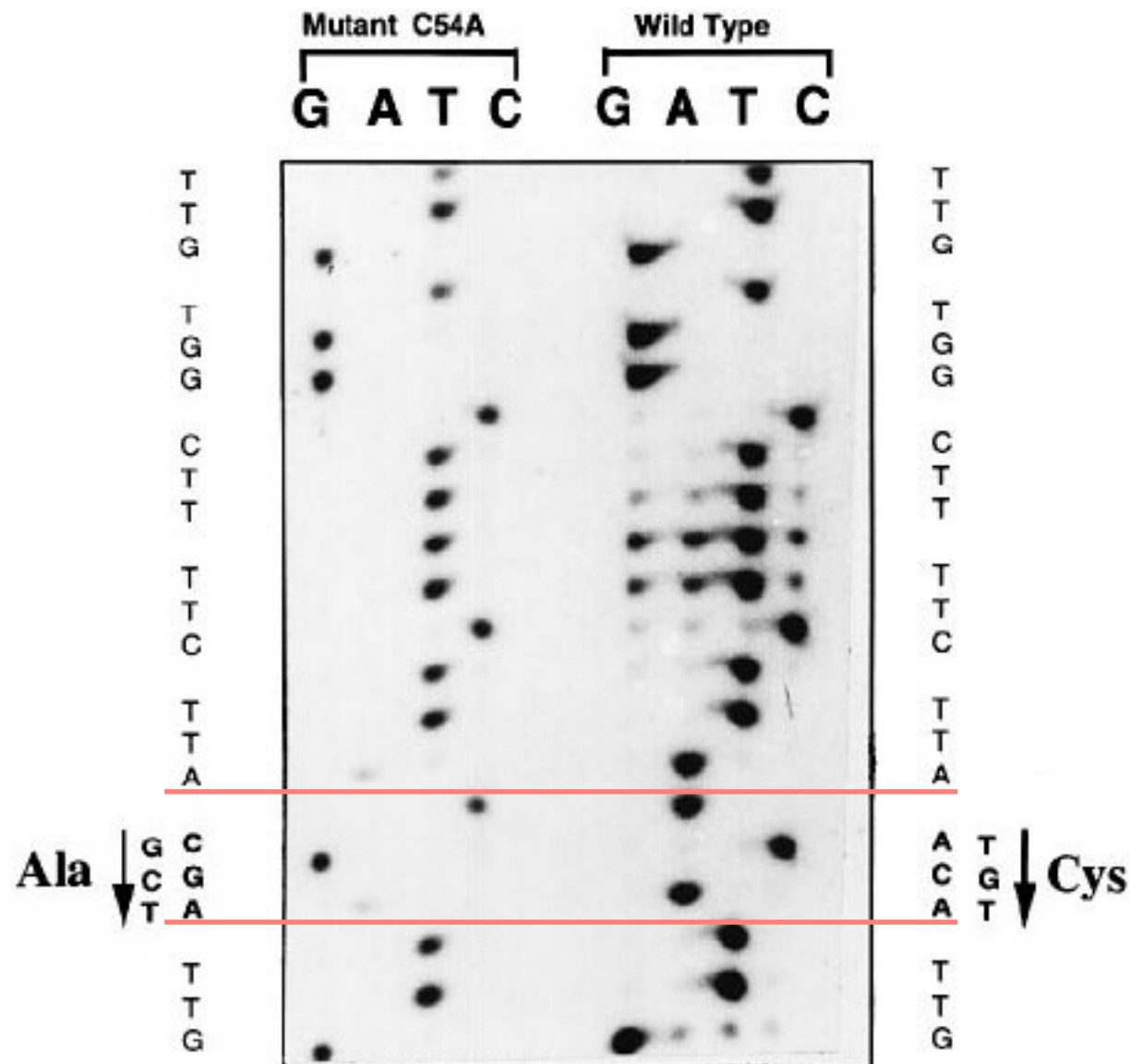


Walter Gilbert



Frederick Sanger

The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1980 was divided, one half awarded to Paul Berg "*for his fundamental studies of the biochemistry of nucleic acids, with particular regard to recombinant-DNA*", the other half jointly to Walter Gilbert and Frederick Sanger "*for their contributions concerning the determination of base sequences in nucleic acids*".



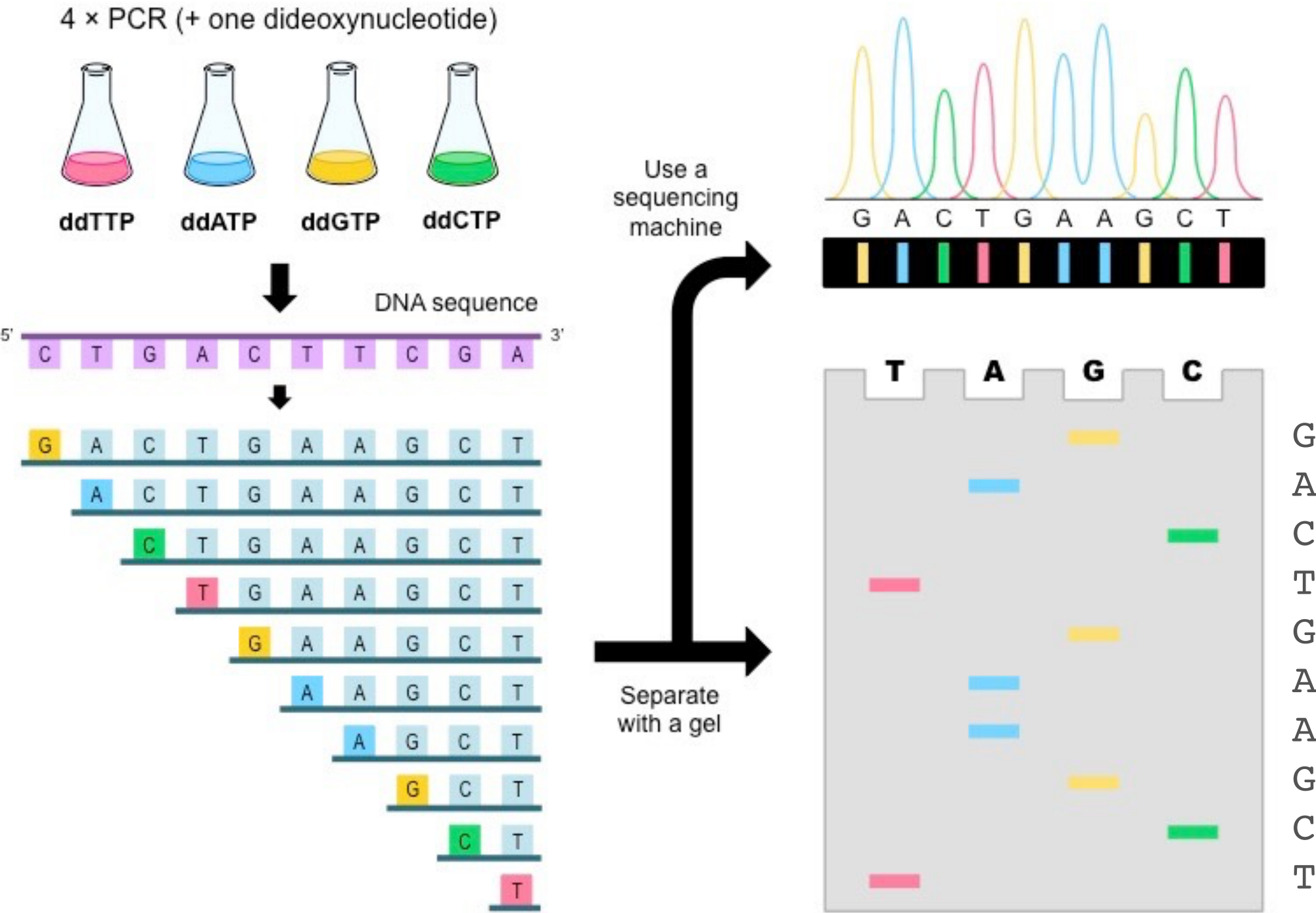
Protein engineering of BamHI restriction endonuclease: replacement of Cys54 by Ala enhances catalytic activity

November 1998 · *Protein Engineering* 11(10):931-5

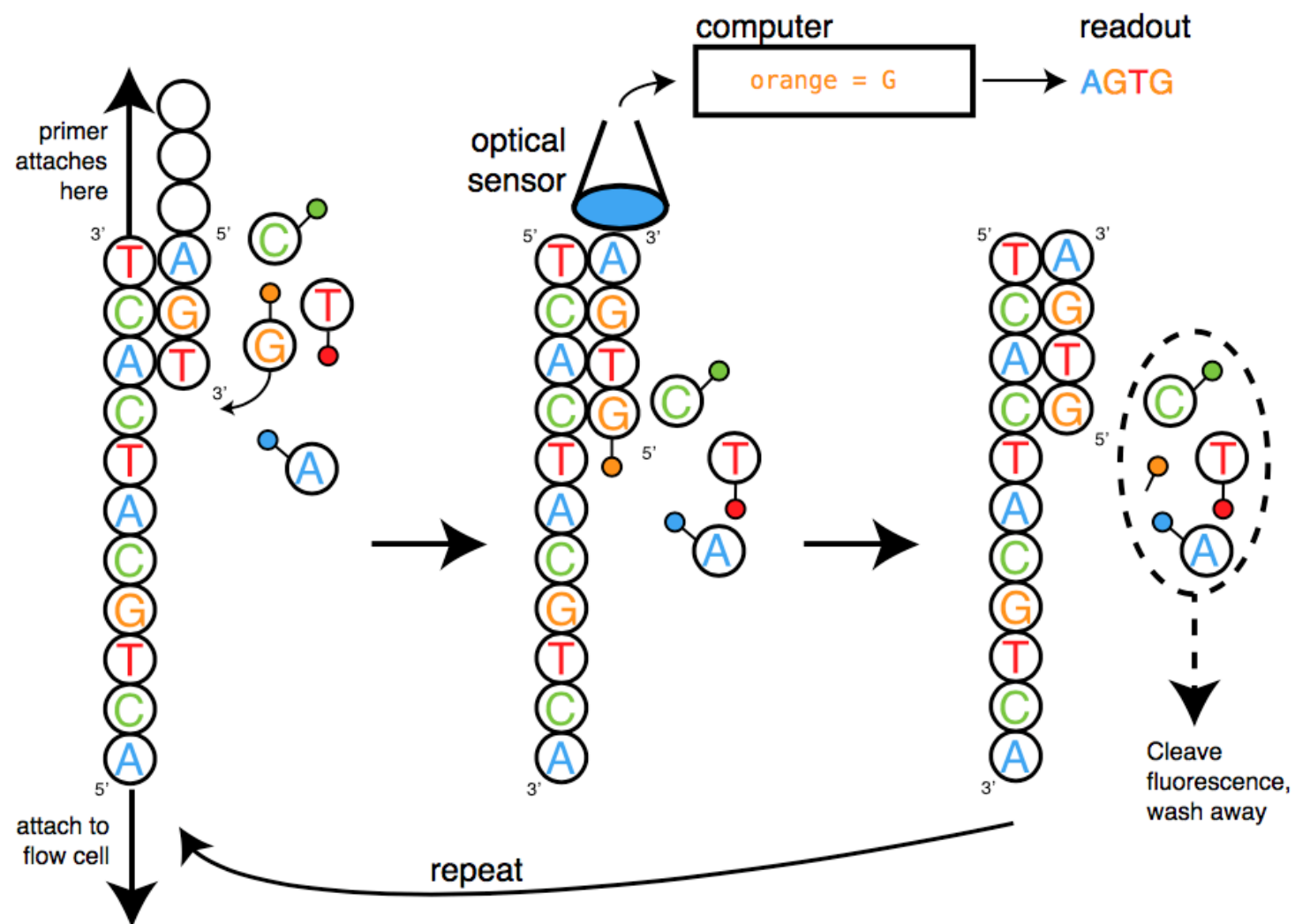
DOI: [10.1093/protein/11.10.931](https://doi.org/10.1093/protein/11.10.931)

Source · [PubMed](#)



Autoradiogram of DNA sequencing gel covering the mutation region. The mutation was confirmed by full sequencing of the gene.








Sequencing by Synthesis (fluorescent)



Illumina Systems

					
MiniSeq System	MiSeq Series	NextSeq Series	HiSeq Series	HiSeq X Series	NovaSeq Series
1.8-7.5 Gb 8-25 million 2 x 150 bp 50	0.3-15 Gb 1-25 million 2 x 300 bp 384	20-120 Gb 130-400 million 2 x 150 bp 96	125-1500 Gb 2.5-5 billion 2 x 150 bp 12	900-1800 Gb 3-6 billion 2 x 150 bp 16	134-6000 Gb Up to 20 billion 2 x 150 bp 48

<http://www.illumina.com>

	 Sequencers +	 Sequencers +	 Sequencers +	 Sequencers +
Product Model	DNBSEQ-T7	DNBSEQ-G400	DNBSEQ-G400* For HotMPS Only	DNBSEQ-G50
Features	Ultra-high Throughput	Adaptive	Adaptive	Effective
Applications	Whole Genome Sequencing, Deep Exome Sequencing, Transcriptome Sequencing, and Targeted Panel Projects.	WGS, WES, Transcriptome sequencing, etc.	WGS, WES, Transcriptome sequencing, etc.	Small whole genome sequencing, targeted DNA/RNA panels, low-pass whole genome sequencing
Flow Cell Type	FC	FCL & FCS	FCL	FCL & FCS
Lane/Flow Cell++	1 lane	2 or 4 lanes	4 lanes	1 lane
Operation Mode	Ultra-high Throughput	High Throughput	High Throughput	Medium Throughput
Max. Throughput / RUN	6TB	1440GB	720GB	150GB
Effective Reads / Flow Cell	5000M	1500-1800M	1500-1800M	500M / 100M
Average run time	24~30 hours for PE150 sequencing	FCS: 13~37 hours FCL: 14~109 hours	15.5-50.5 hours	9~40 hours
Min. Read Length	PE100	SE50	SE50	SE50
Max. Read Length	PE150	SE400/PE200	PE100	PE150

MGI Tech is the manufacturing sister of China's largest genome sequencing company, BGI Genomics.

Singular Genomics (fluorescent - rapid SBS)

G4

A highly versatile benchtop sequencer targeting applications where accuracy, speed, flexibility, and scale matter most



Key milestones

- Launched 2021
- First units expected ship in Q2 2022

PX

Integrated in situ platform for multiomic analysis in single cells and tissues



Key milestones


- Early access program to begin 2022
- Commercial launch expected in 2023

PX image is for illustrative purposes only

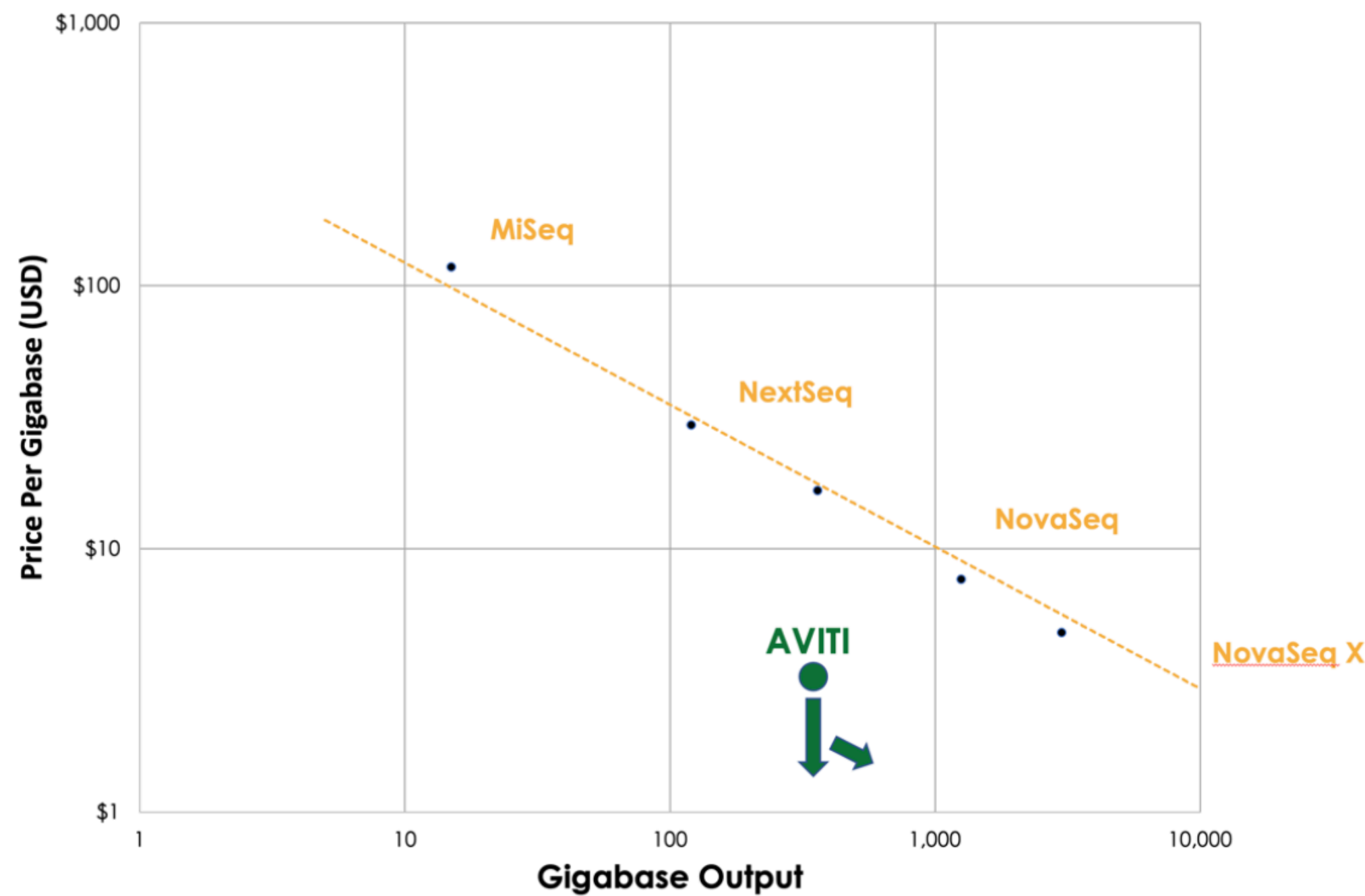
Element Biosciences (fluorescent - sequencing by avidity)

A benchtop sequencer with unprecedented performance, cost, and flexibility.

Meet AVITI



Performance	Flexibility	Cost
%Q30 > 90 at 2x150	Dual flow cells	\$289K/instrument
1B reads/flow cell*	Flexible start	\$1680/300 cycles \$1080/150 cycles
600 Gb+ output/run	Tunable read throughput	Leasing/financing options available



Pacific Biosciences

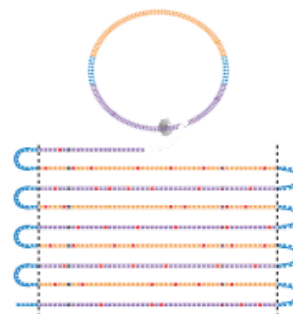
Over a decade of on market technological innovation



RS I /RS II
75k/150k ZMW



Sequel
1M ZMW



HiFi



Sequel II/IIe
8M ZMW



Revio
25M x4 ZMW

2011-2013: PacBio launches groundbreaking single-molecule sequencing platform; named top innovation by *The Scientist* magazine

2015: PacBio launches the Sequel system

2018: HiFi enables ultra-high accuracy at long read lengths and establishes PacBio as leader in sequencing accuracy

2019 | 2020: PacBio launches Sequel II and Sequel IIe

2023: PacBio expected to launch Revio enabling the sub-\$1k long-read genome at scale

Increased throughput **>10,000-fold**

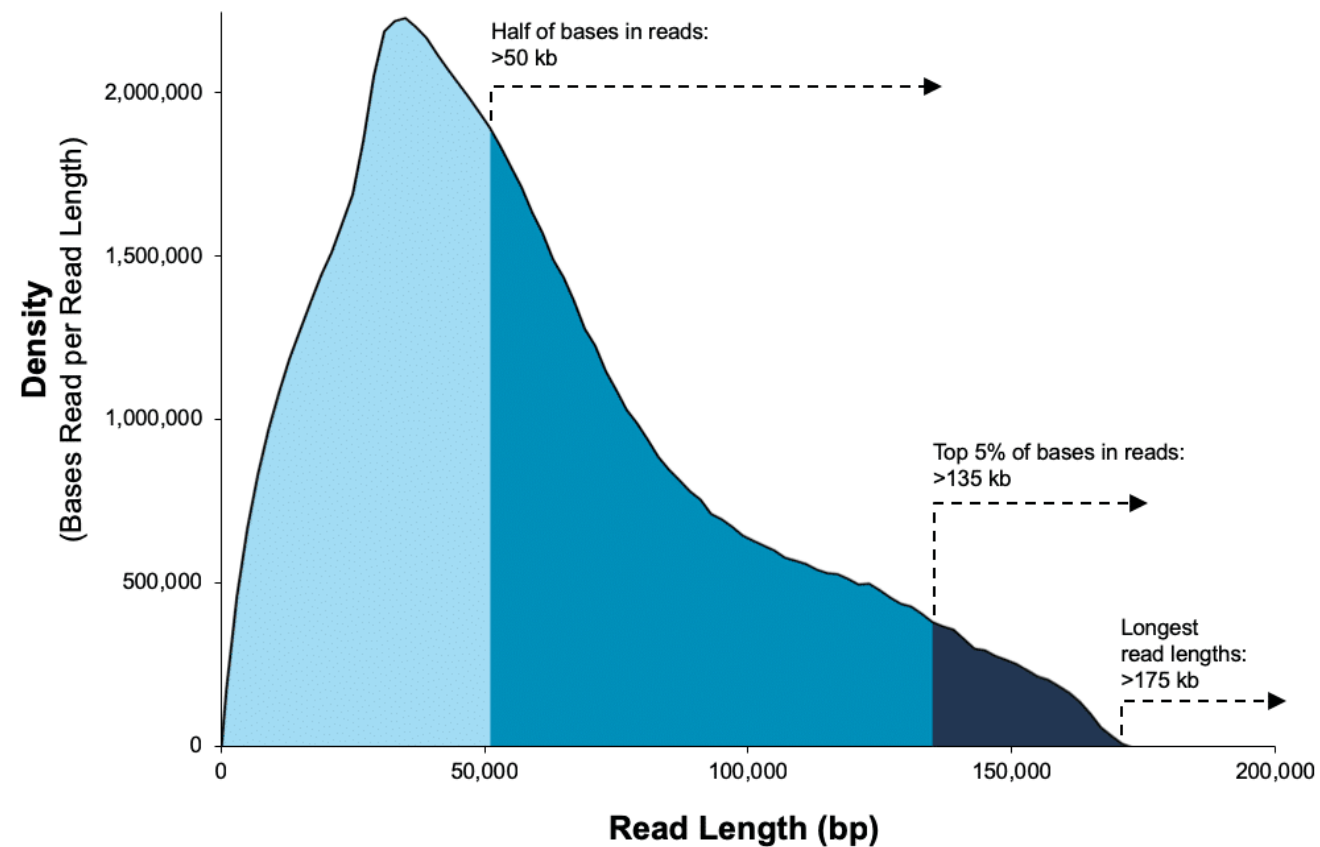
Increased read length **>100-fold**



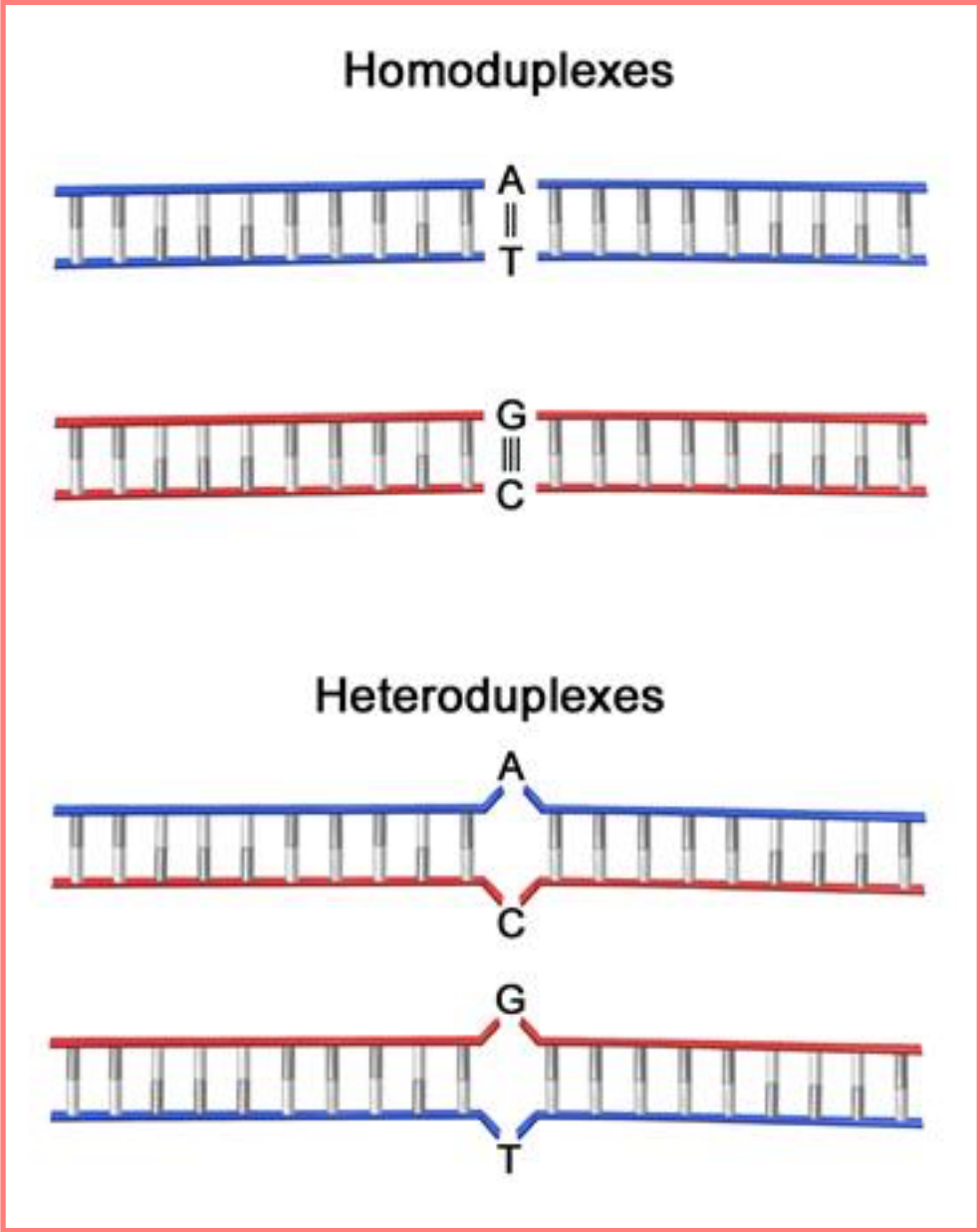
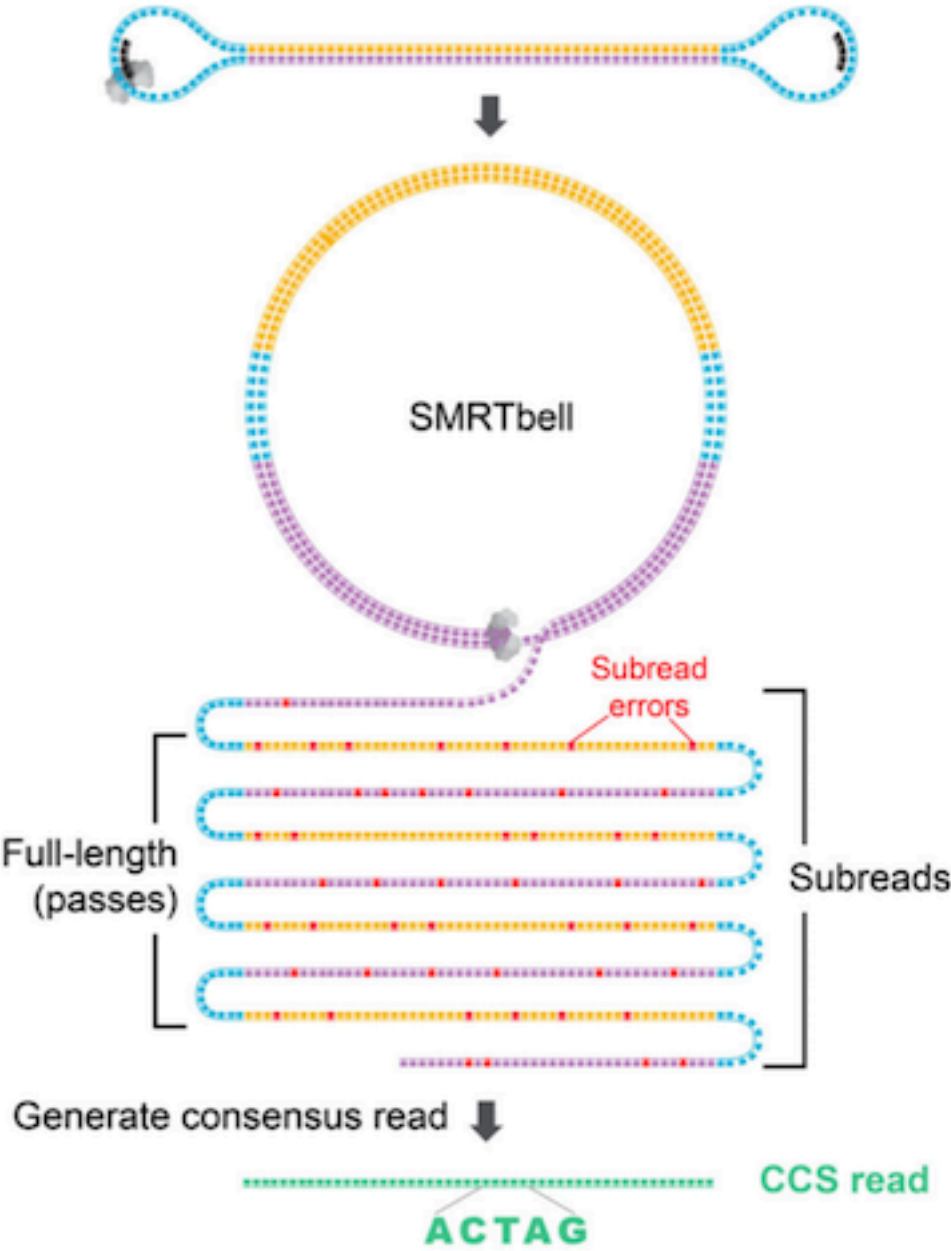
(Pacific Biosciences)
<https://www.pacb.com>



Sequel



Data from a 35 kb size-selected *E. coli* library using the SMRTbell Express Template Prep Kit 2.0 on a Sequel II System (1.0 Chemistry, Sequel II System Software v7.0, 15-hour movie)*.





SmidgION



Flongle



MinION



GridION



PromethION

<https://www.nanoporetech.com>



MinION Mk1C

Bionano

(optical mapping)



Optical mapping is a technique for constructing ordered, genome-wide, high-resolution restriction maps from single, stained molecules of DNA, called "optical maps".

Optical Sequencing

Optical sequencing is a single molecule DNA sequencing technique that follows sequence-by-synthesis and uses optical mapping technology.

During synthesis, fluorochrome-labeled nucleotides are incorporated through the use of DNA polymerases and tracked by fluorescence microscopy.





What is the best NGS platform?

The best platform for a particular application depends on several factors, such as project goals, sample type, sequencing depth, budget and bioinformatics support. Here are some common NGS platforms:

1. Illumina (e.g., NovaSeq, NextSeq, MiSeq): Illumina is currently the most widely used NGS platform. HiSeq instruments offer high-throughput sequencing, making them suitable for large-scale projects. MiSeq is a smaller benchtop sequencer that is more cost-effective for smaller projects or labs with lower sequencing needs.
2. Element Biosciences (Aviti System). Aviti is an advanced DNA sequencing platform. It is designed to provide high-quality, accurate, and cost-effective sequencing for various genomic applications.
3. BGI Genomics (MGISEQ/T7, DNBSEQ): BGI Genomics is a cost-effective and therefore attractive option for large-scale projects.
4. Pacific Biosciences (PacBio Sequel II): PacBio uses Single Molecule Real-Time (SMRT) sequencing and is advantageous for long read sequencing. It enables the sequencing of longer DNA fragments, facilitating the assembly of complex genomes and the detection of structural variation.
5. Oxford Nanopore Technologies (MinION, GridION, PromethION): ONT sequencing uses nanopore-based technology to provide long reads and real-time data analysis. It is portable and has been used for field applications such as rapid pathogen identification and monitoring.

It is important to evaluate the specific requirements of your project and consider factors such as read length, sequencing depth, accuracy, cost and data analysis needs when determining the best NGS platform to use. As the technology is advancing rapidly, it is advisable to consult the latest information and experts in the field to make an informed decision based on the most up-to-date information available.



The all-in-one MPS platform does not exist (yet)!

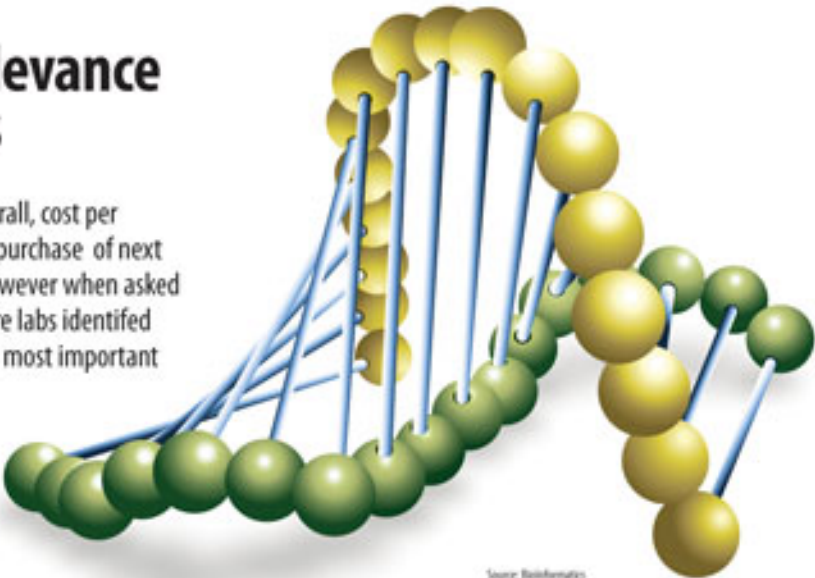
- ▶ Research question
- ▶ Budget (including storage and analysis)
- ▶ Read / sequence length
- ▶ Number of reads / coverage
- ▶ Possible contaminants
- ▶ Quality and quantity of template
- ▶ Number of samples
- ▶ Availability



NGS: Cost and Relevance Are Key to Buyers

Recent market research shows that, overall, cost per base was the most cited concern in the purchase of next generation sequencing instruments. However when asked to identify their top three concerns, more labs identified "Appropriate to My Application" as their most important criteria.

The 10 Most Critical Platform Attributes as Defined by Purchasers



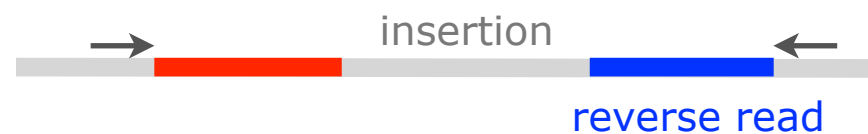
1. Cost per base	43%	6. Read length	24%
2. Sequencing data quality	34%	7. Instrument cost	18%
3. Appropriate for my application	32%	8. Number of reads	17%
4. Reproducibility/accuracy	31%	9. Available software analysis tools	16%
5. Amount of DNA/RNA needed per experiment	25%	10. Instrument reliability	16%

Sequencing Data

Sequence Read Data



Single Reads (SR)



Paired-End (PE) Reads



Overlapping Paired-End (PE) Reads



Single Reads (SR) with Index



Paired-End (PE) Reads with Index



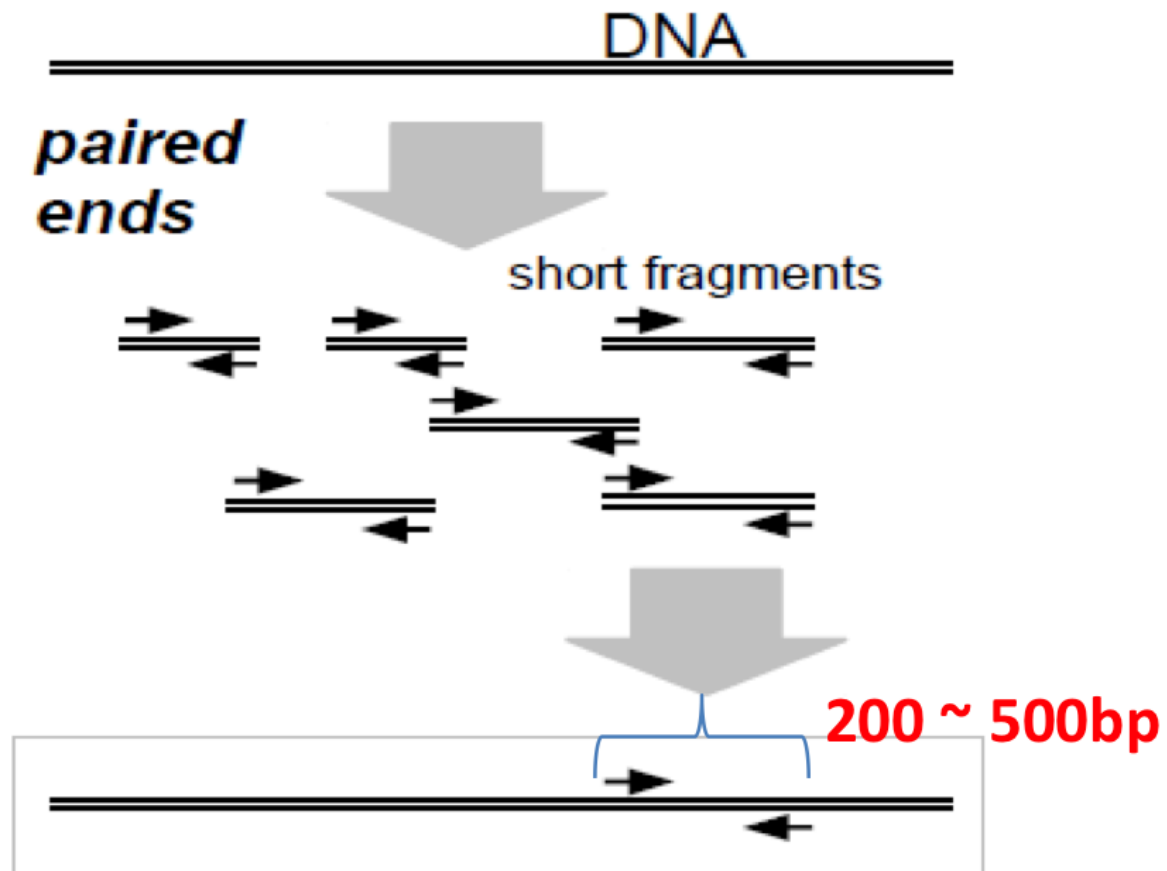
Paired-End (PE) Reads with Dual Indexing



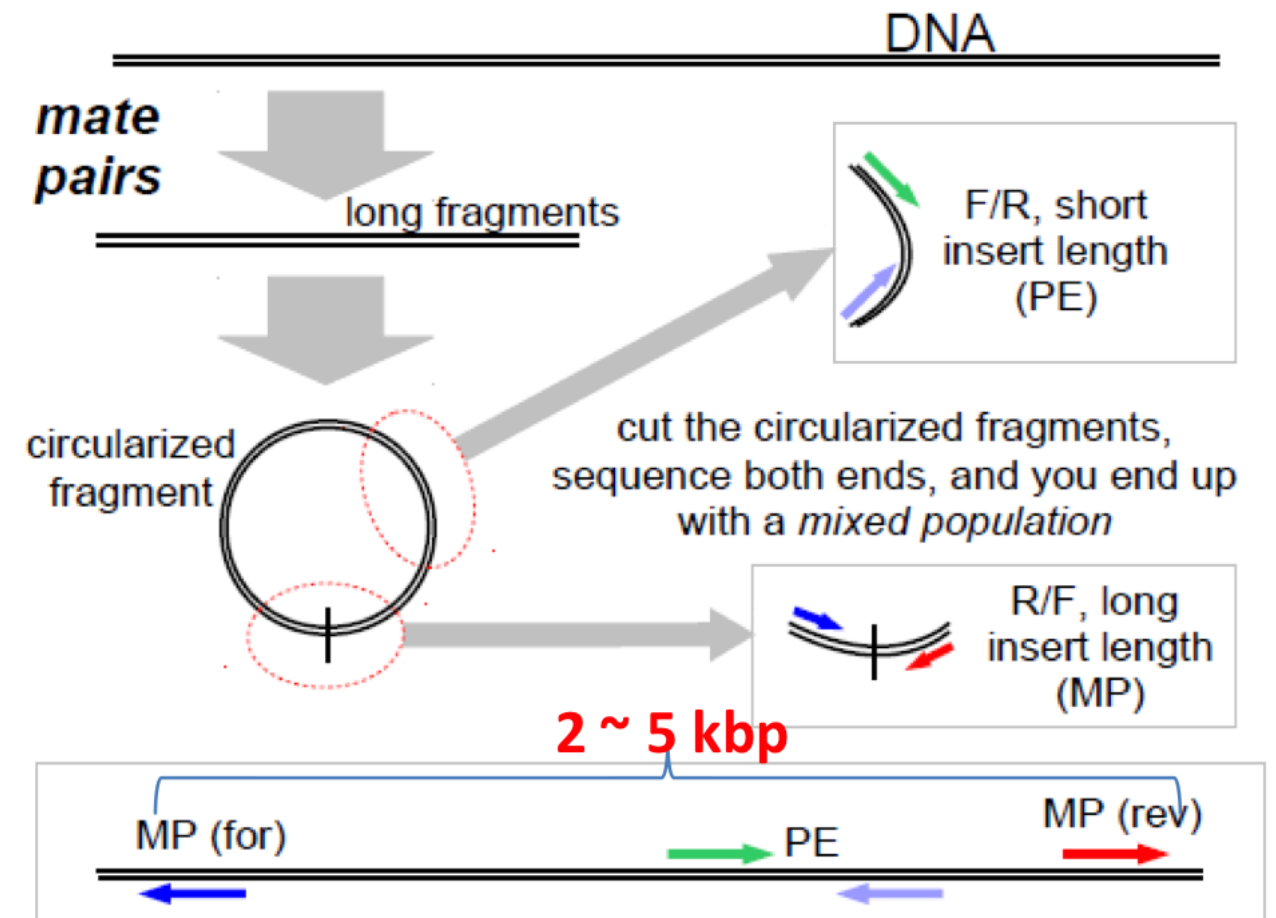
Extended Single Reads (SR) with Index

Sequence Read Data

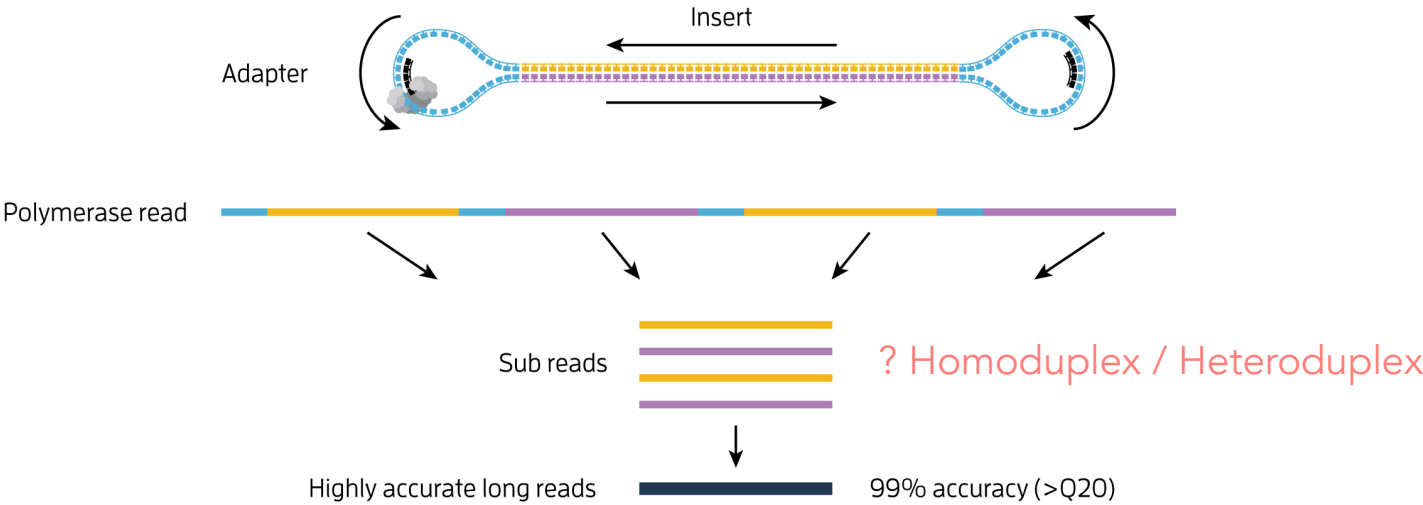
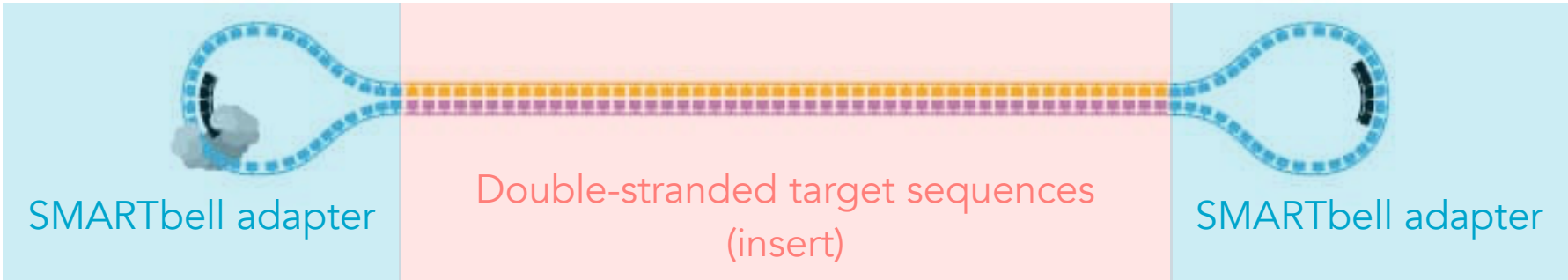
paired-end (PE)



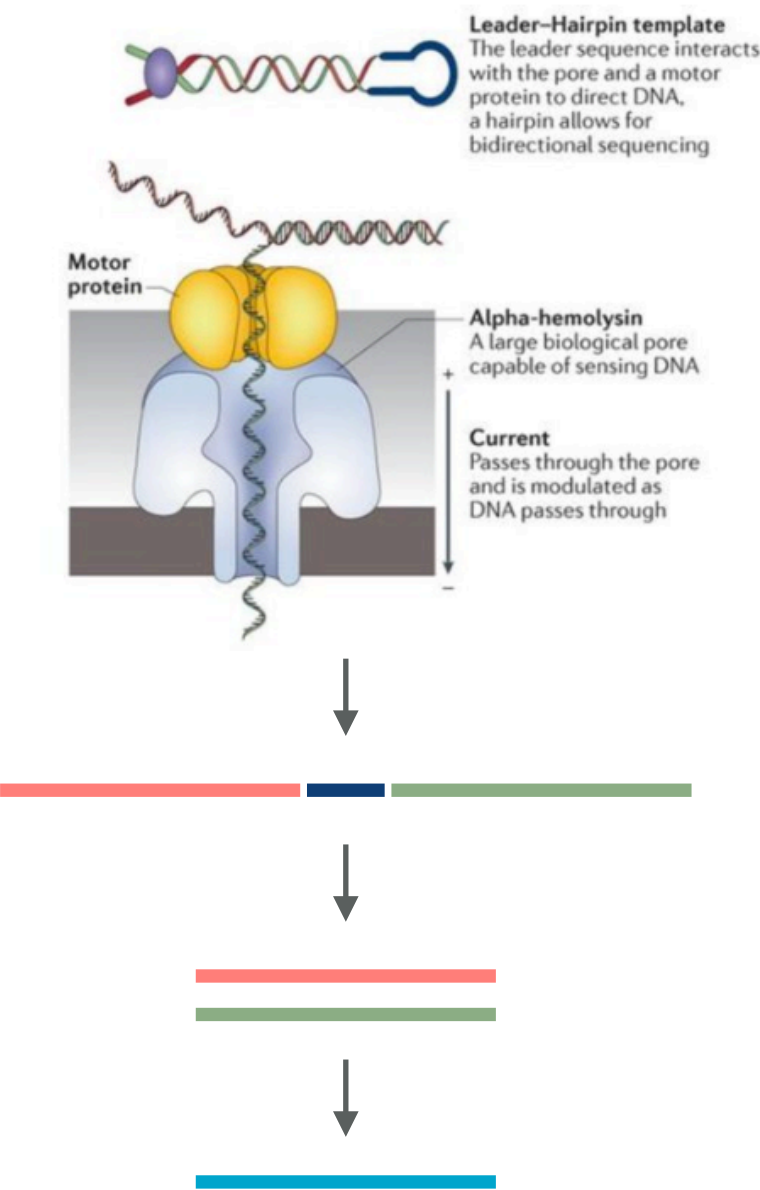
mate-pair (MP)



PacBio SMRTbell Library



ONT Sequencing



Data Submission



The European Nucleotide Archive (ENA) captures and presents information relating to experimental workflows that are based around nucleotide sequencing. A typical workflow includes the isolation and preparation of material for sequencing, a run of a sequencing machine in which sequencing data are produced and a subsequent bioinformatic analysis pipeline. ENA records this information in a data model that covers input information (sample, experimental setup, machine configuration), output machine data (sequence traces, reads and quality scores) and interpreted information (assembly, mapping, functional annotation).



Sequence Read Archive (SRA) makes biological sequence data available to the research community to enhance reproducibility and allow for new discoveries by comparing data sets. The SRA stores raw sequencing data and alignment information from high-throughput sequencing platforms, including Roche 454 GS System®, Illumina Genome Analyzer®, Applied Biosystems SOLiD System®, Helicos Heliscope®, Complete Genomics®, and Pacific Biosciences SMRT®.

Data Deposition Example from the Literature:

Mushegian *et al.* (2018) **Environmental sources of bacteria and genetic variation in behavior influence host-associated microbiota**. AEM doi:10.1128/AEM.01547-18.

Sequence data are deposited in the **European Nucleotide Archive of the EBI** under **accession number PRJEB30308** (<http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/data/view/PRJEB30308>). Data tables, OTUs sequences and code used for analysis can be found on **Github** at <https://github.com/amusheg/Daphnia-microbiota-behavior> and will be deposited in **Dryad** upon publication.

EMBL-EBI

ServicesResearchTrainingAbout us



ENA

European Nucleotide Archive

Search

Examples: BN000065, histone

Advanced Sequence

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Contact Helpdesk

Study: PRJEB30308

Microbiota associated with Daphnia exhibiting genetic variation in behavior

View: [Project XML](#) [Study XML](#)

Download: [Project XML](#) [Study XML](#)

Name

Microbiota of browsing Daphnia

Submitting Centre

Universitaet Basel

Secondary accession(s)

ERP112744

Description

In many organisms, host-associated microbial communities are acquired horizontally after birth. This process is believed to be shaped by a combination of environmental and host genetic factors. We examined whether genetic variation in animal behavior could affect the composition of the animal's microbiota in different environments. The freshwater crustacean Daphnia magna is primarily planktonic, but exhibits variation in the degree to which it browses in benthic sediments. We performed an experiment with clonal lines of D. magna showing different levels of sediment-browsing intensity exposed to either bacteria-rich or bacteria-poor sediment or whose access to sediments was prevented. We find that the bacterial composition of the environment and genotype-specific browsing intensity together influence the composition of the Daphnia-associated bacterial community. Exposure to more diverse bacteria did not lead to a more diverse microbiome, but greater abundances of environment-specific bacteria were found associated with host genotypes that exhibited greater browsing behavior. Our results indicate that, although there is a great deal of variation between individuals, behavior can mediate genotype-by-environment interaction effects on microbiome composition.

- Navigation
- Read Files
- Portal
- Attributes

 Bulk Download Files  (If the downloader app doesn't open, please try using Firefox to launch it.)

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[Select columns](#)

Showing results 1 - 10 of 512 results

Study accession	Sample accession	Secondary sample accession	Experiment accession	Run accession	Tax ID	Scientific name	Instrument model	Library layout	FASTQ files (FTP)	FASTQ files (Galaxy)	Submitted files (FTP)	Submitted files (Galaxy)	NCBI SRA file (FTP)	NCBI SRA file (Galaxy)	CRAM Index files (FTP)	CRAM Index files (Galaxy)
PRJEB30308	SAMEA5166093	ERS2973813	ERX2993334	ERR2990925	1869227	bacterium	Illumina MiSeq	PAIRED	File 1 File 2	File 1 File 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	File 1	File 1		
PRJEB30308	SAMEA5166094	ERS2973814	ERX2993335	ERR2990926	1869227	bacterium	Illumina MiSeq	PAIRED	File 1 File 2	File 1 File 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	File 1	File 1		
PRJEB30308	SAMEA5166095	ERS2973815	ERX2993336	ERR2990927	1869227	bacterium	Illumina MiSeq	PAIRED	File 1 File 2	File 1 File 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	File 1	File 1		
PRJEB30308	SAMEA5166096	ERS2973816	ERX2993337	ERR2990928	1869227	bacterium	Illumina MiSeq	PAIRED	File 1 File 2	File 1 File 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	File 1	File 1		

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Sign in to NCBI

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Microbiota of browsing Daphnia

Accession: PRJEB30308 ID: 516850

Microbiota associated with Daphnia exhibiting genetic variation in behavior

In many organisms, host-associated microbial communities are acquired horizontally after birth. [More...](#)

Accession	PRJEB30308
Scope	Monoisolate
Submission	Registration date: 24-Jan-2019 Universitaet Basel

Project Data:

Resource Name	Number of Links
SEQUENCE DATA	
SRA Experiments	512
OTHER DATASETS	
BioSample	512

▾ SRA Data Details

Parameter	Value
Data volume, Gbases	22
Data volume, Mbytes	14805

Related information

[BioSample](#)
[SRA](#)

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🔍 PRJEB30308 (1)

BioProject

📄 Microbiota of browsing Daphnia

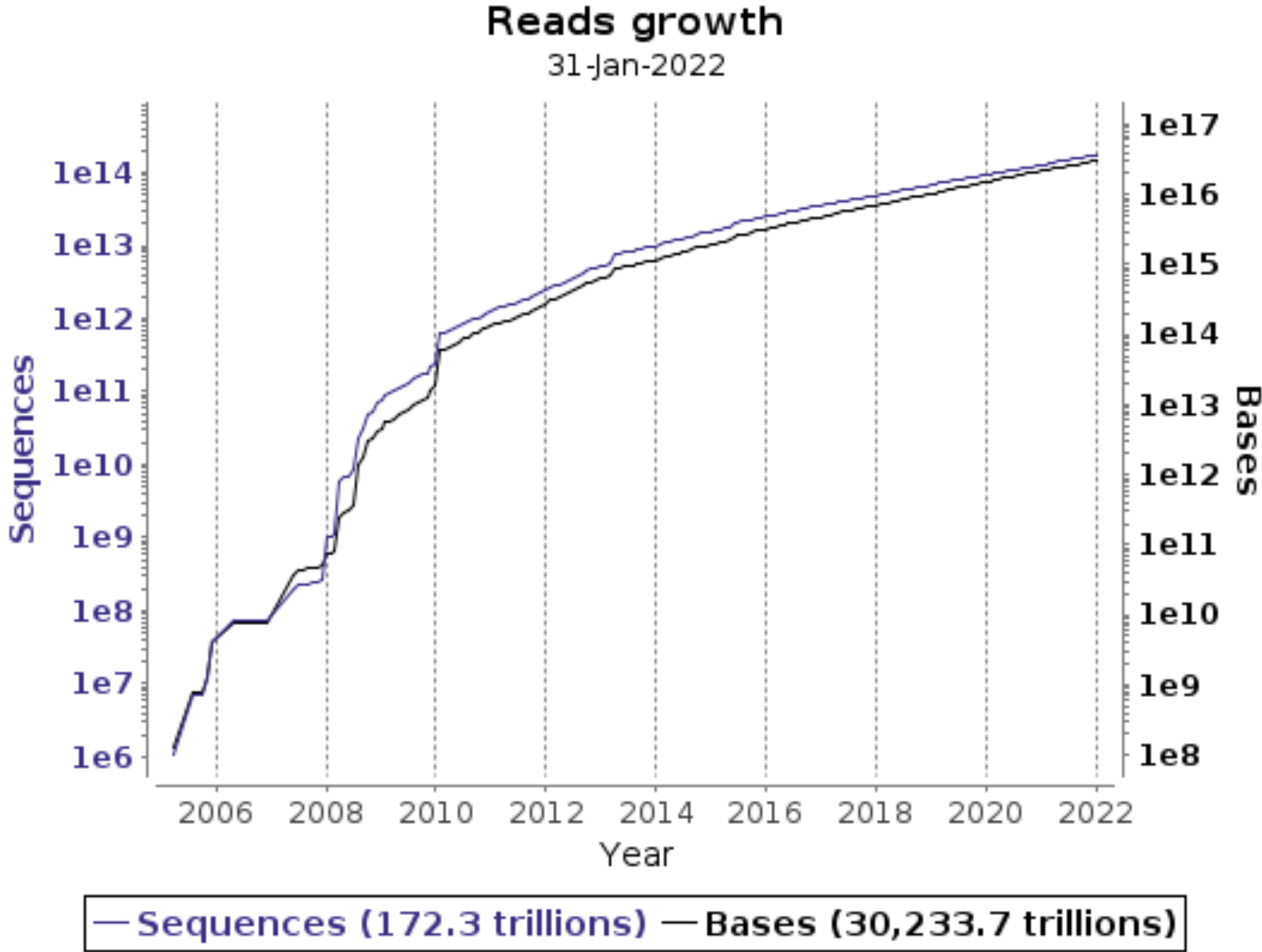
BioProject

📄 The European Nucleotide Archive in 2017

📄 A Benchmark Study on Error Assessment and Quality Control of CCS Reads Derived

📄 Testing the potential of a ribosomal 16S marker for DNA metabarcoding of insects

[See more...](#)



1

Choose the MPS technology according to your needs.

2

Keep your raw data safe and submit it as early as possible.

3

Keep your sequence files zipped.



EXTRAS

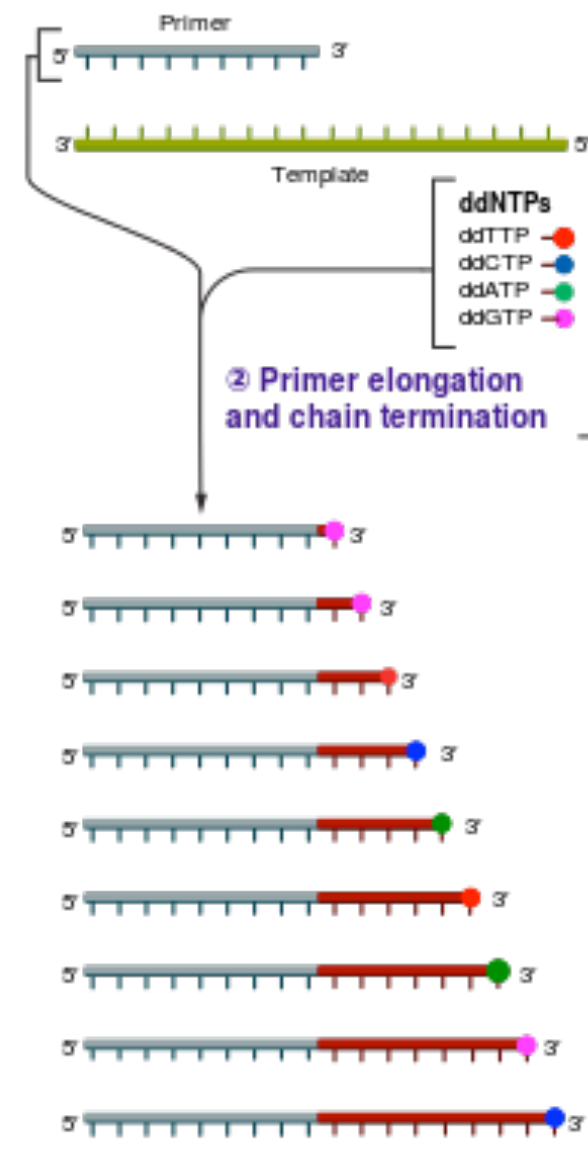
Sequencing Technologies

Extended

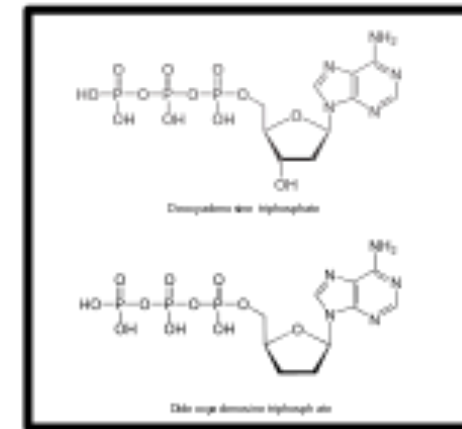
Capillary sequencing

① Reaction mixture

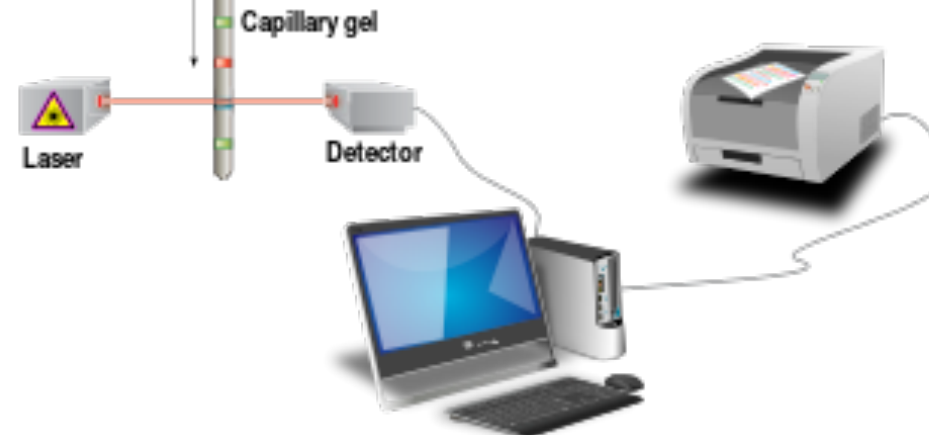
- Primer and DNA template
- DNA polymerase
- ddNTPs with flouorochromes
- dNTPs (dATP, dCTP, dGTP, and dTTP)



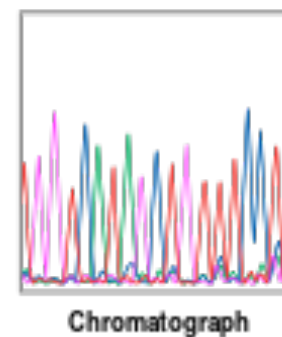
② Primer elongation and chain termination

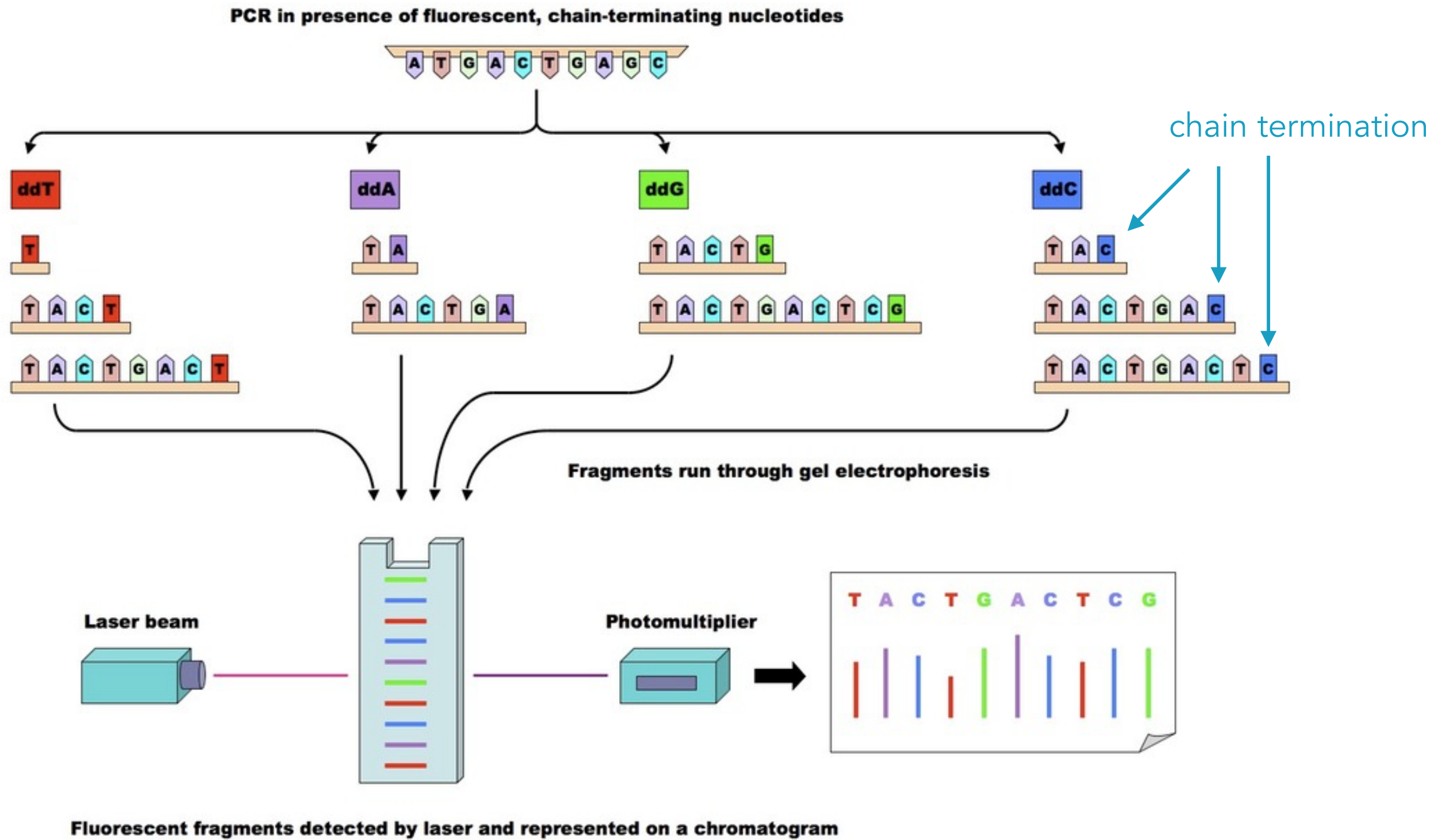


③ Capillary gel electrophoresis separation of DNA fragments



④ Laser detection of flouorochromes and computational sequence analysis





Pyrosequencing



GS Junior

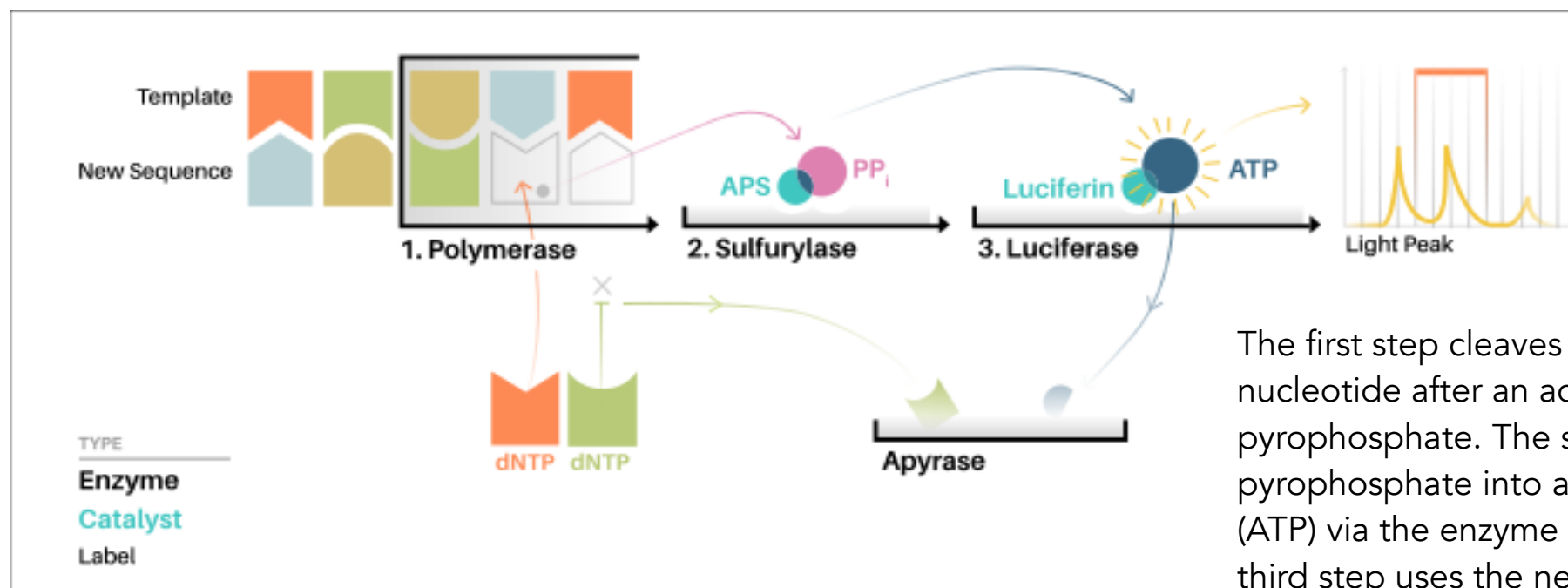


Roche 454



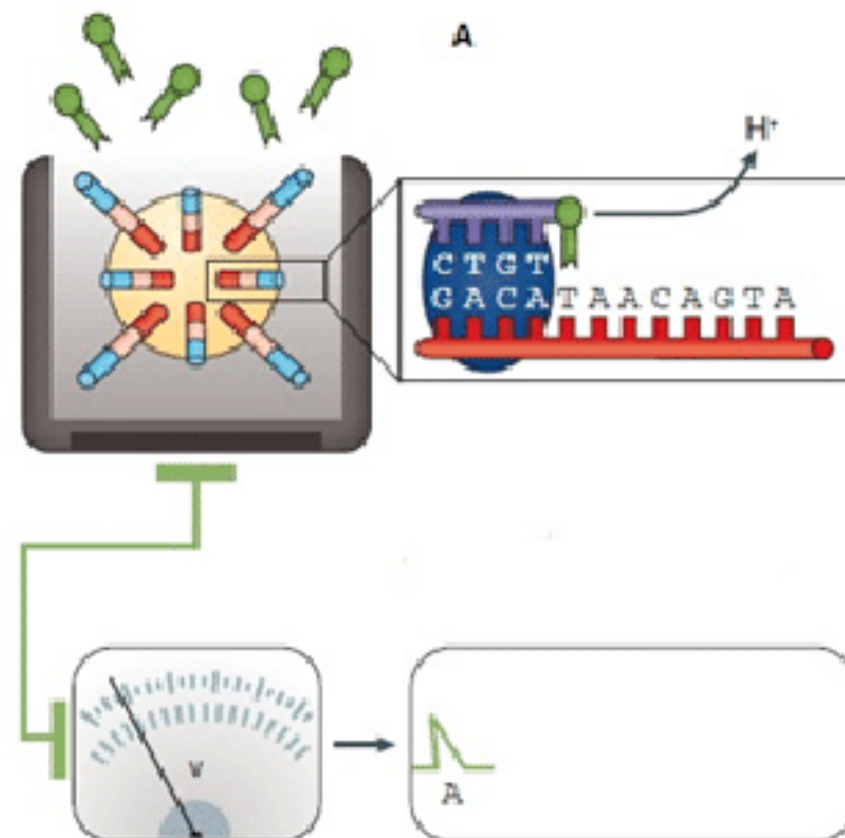
The **PyroMark** uses Pyrosequencing technology for real-time, sequence-based detection and quantification of sequence variants and epigenetic methylation. The PyroMark Q24 is highly suited for the analysis of CpG methylation, SNPs, insertion/deletions, STRs, variable gene copy number, as well as for microbial identification and resistance typing.







Pyrosequencing (pyrophosphate)



The first step cleaves the triphosphate nucleotide after an addition, releasing pyrophosphate. The second step converts pyrophosphate into adenosine triphosphate (ATP) via the enzyme ATP sulfurylase. The third step uses the newly synthesized ATP to catalyze the conversion of luciferin into oxyluciferin via the enzyme luciferase and this reaction generates a quanta of light that is captured from the picotiter plate by a charge- coupled camera.

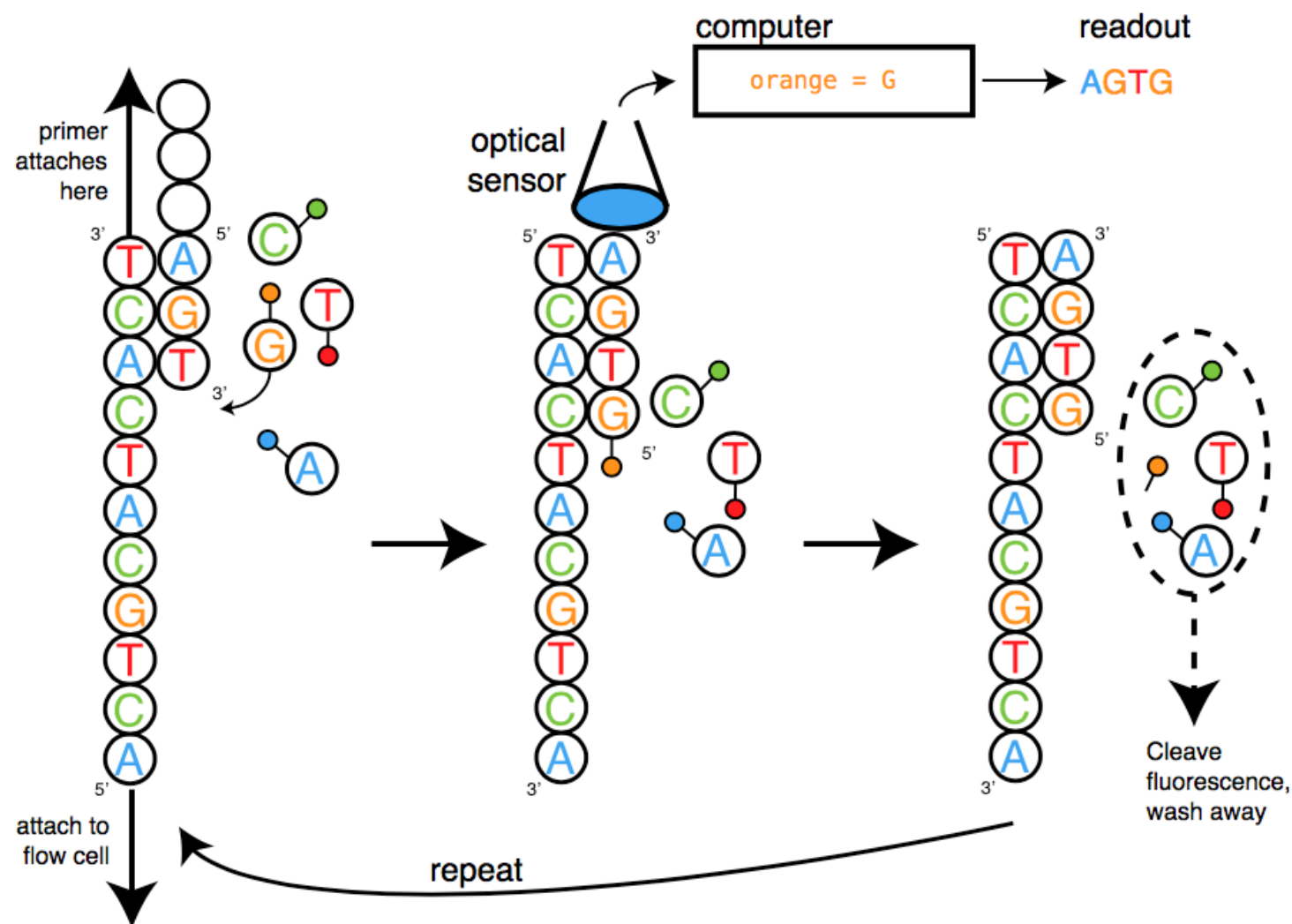
Ion Torrent (semiconductor technology)




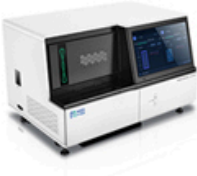

					
MiniSeq System	MiSeq Series	NextSeq Series	HiSeq Series	HiSeq X Series	NovaSeq Series
1.8-7.5 Gb 8-25 million 2 x 150 bp 50	0.3-15 Gb 1-25 million 2 x 300 bp 384	20-120 Gb 130-400 million 2 x 150 bp 96	125-1500 Gb 2.5-5 billion 2 x 150 bp 12	900-1800 Gb 3-6 billion 2 x 150 bp 16	134-6000 Gb Up to 20 billion 2 x 150 bp 48

<http://www.illumina.com>

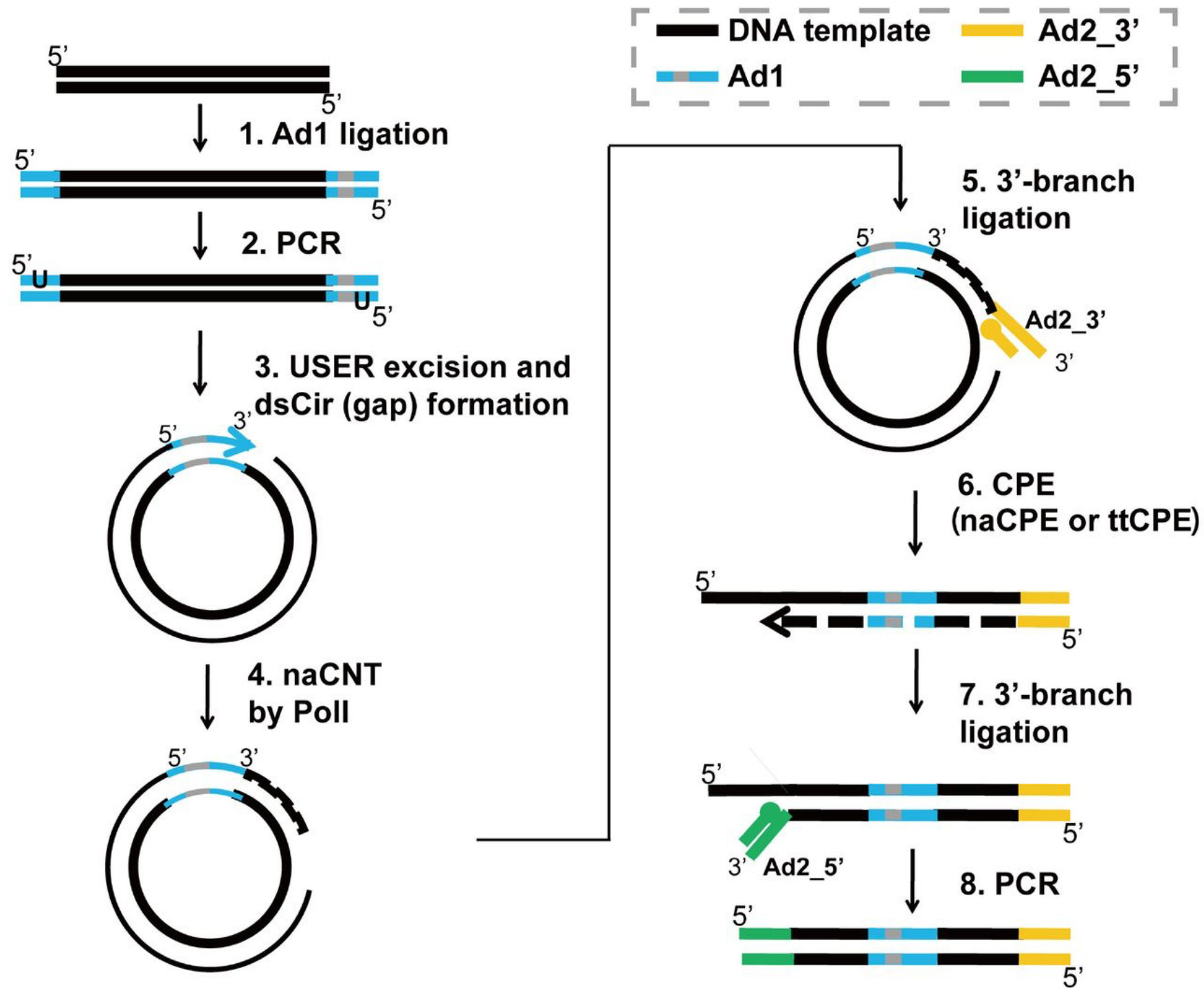
Sequencing by Synthesis (fluorescent)



Sequencing by Synthesis. dNTP fluorescence is translated to a base call.

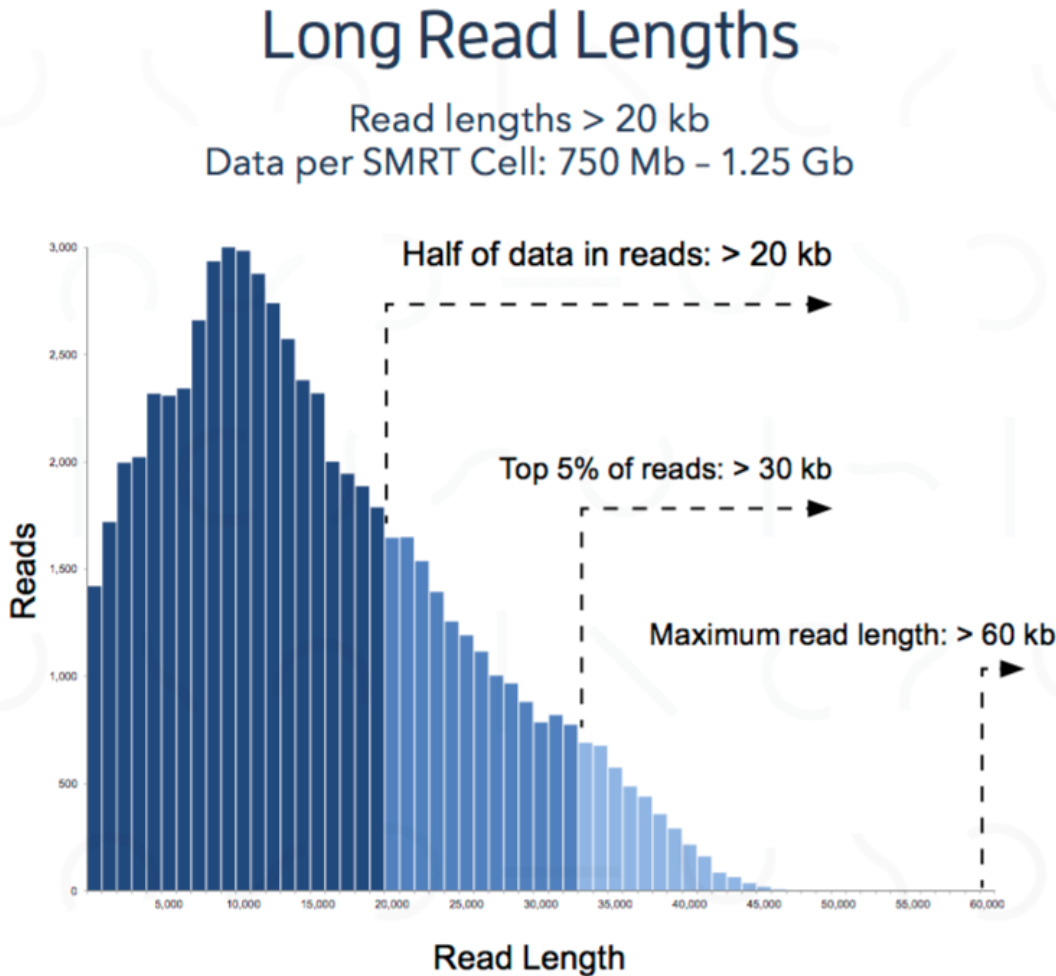
	 Sequencers +	 Sequencers +	 Sequencers +	 Sequencers +
Product Model	DNBSEQ-T7	DNBSEQ-G400	DNBSEQ-G50	DNBSEQ-G400 FAST
Features	Ultra-high Throughput	Adaptive	Effective	Fast
Applications	Whole Genome Sequencing,Deep Exome Sequencing,Transcriptome Sequencing,and Targeted Panel Projects.	WGS, WES, Transcriptome sequencing and more	Small whole genome sequencing, targeted DNA/RNA panels, low-pass whole genome sequencing	Targeted DNA, RNA, Epigenetics and clinical applications
Flow Cell Type	FC	FCL & FCS	FCL & FCS	FCS
Lane/Flow Cell++	1 lane	4 lane & 2 lane	1 lane	2 lane
Operation Mode	Ultra-high Throughput	High Throughput	Medium Throughput	Medium Throughput
Max. Throughput / RUN	6Tb	1440Gb	150Gb	330G
Effective Reads / Flow Cell	5000M	1500-1800M	500M / 100M	550M
Average run time	PE150 within 24 hours	~38 hours	10-66 hours	12-37 hours
Min. Read Length	PE100	SE50	SE50	SE100
Max. Read Length	PE150	SE400	PE150	PE150

<https://en.mgitech.cn>





PacBio RS II

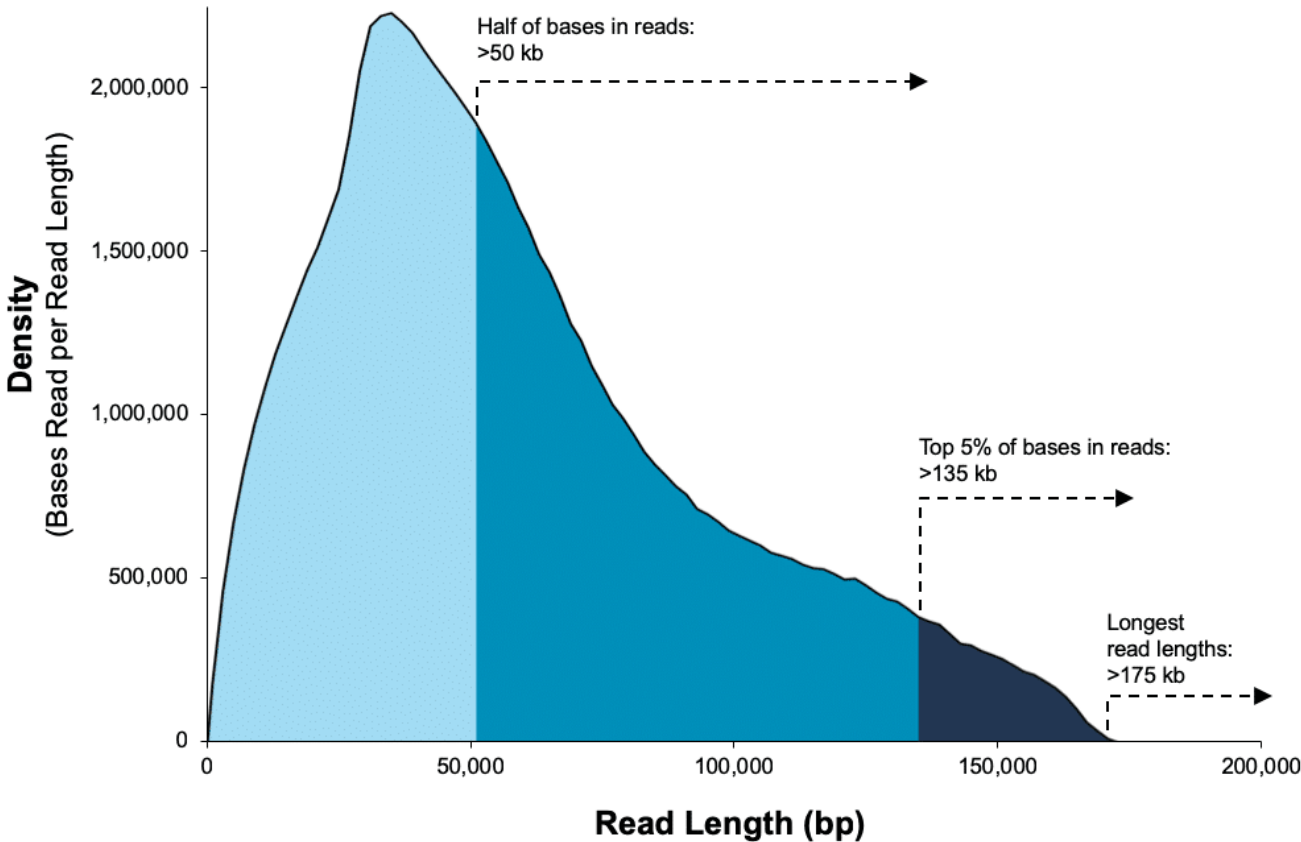


Read-length data shown above is from a 20 kb size-selected human library run on a PacBio RS II (6-hour movie, P6-C4 chemistry). The PacBio RS II SMRT Cells generate ~55,000 reads. The Sequel System generates ~370,000 reads per SMRT Cell.



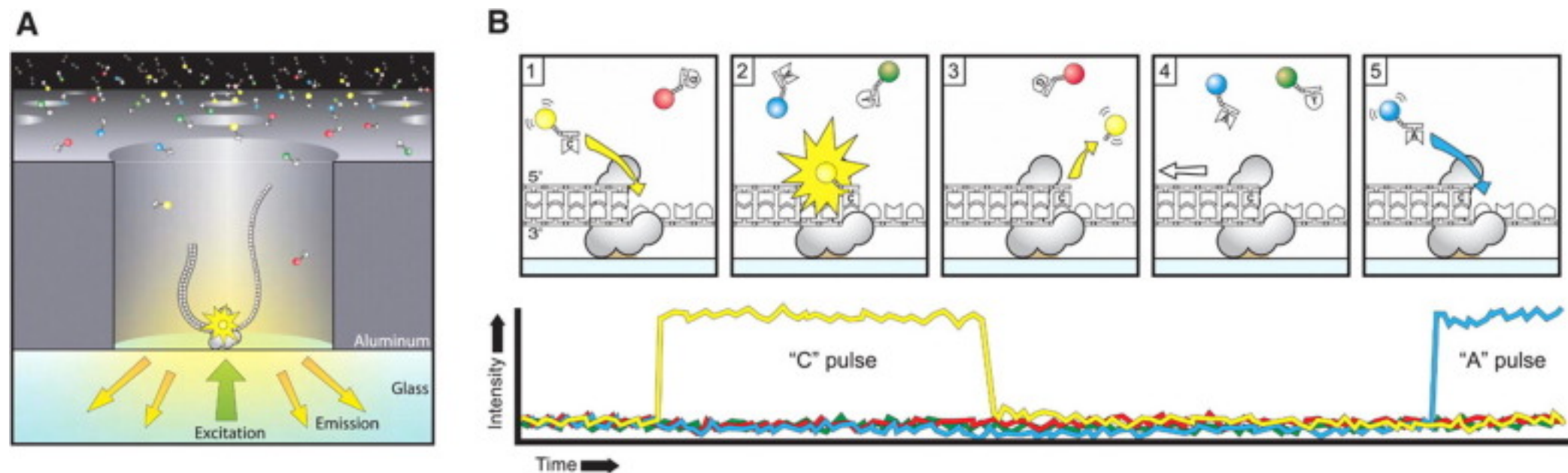


Sequel



Data from a 35 kb size-selected *E. coli* library using the SMRTbell Express Template Prep Kit 2.0 on a Sequel II System (1.0 Chemistry, Sequel II System Software v7.0, 15-hour movie)*.

PacBio (fluorophore)





SmidgION



Flongle



MinION

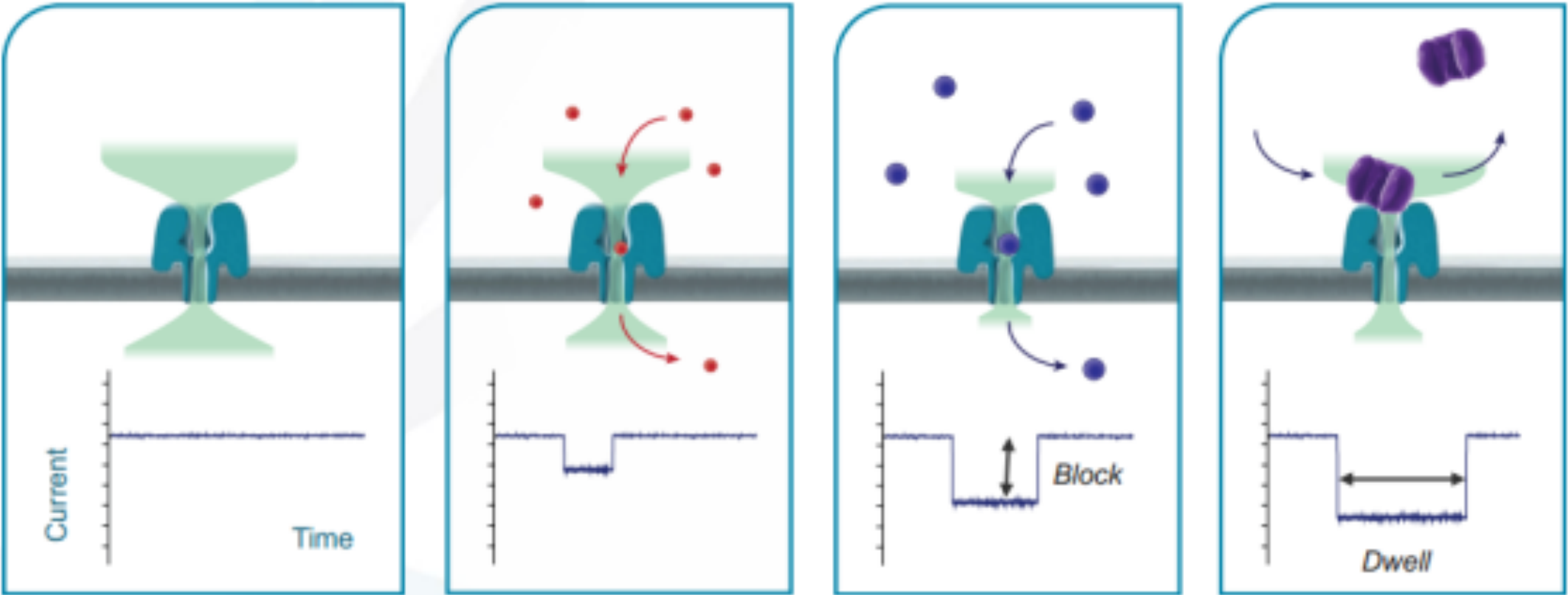


GridION



PromethION

<https://www.nanoporetech.com>





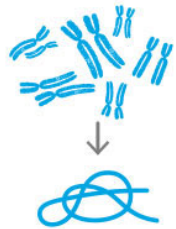


Customer Sample

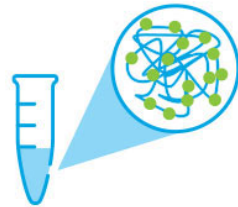
- Blood
- Cells
- Tissue
- Microbes



Isolate
High Molecular
Weight DNA



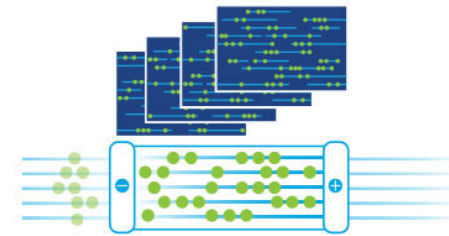
Label Specific
Sequences Across
the Entire Genome



Transfer Labeled DNA
into Cartridge
for Scanning

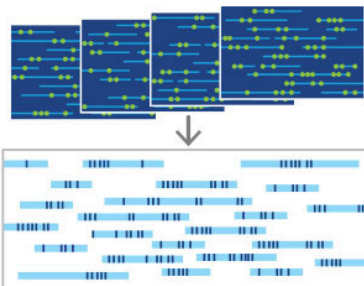


Load, Linearize & Image Labeled
DNA in Repeated Cycling
to Scan Whole Genome

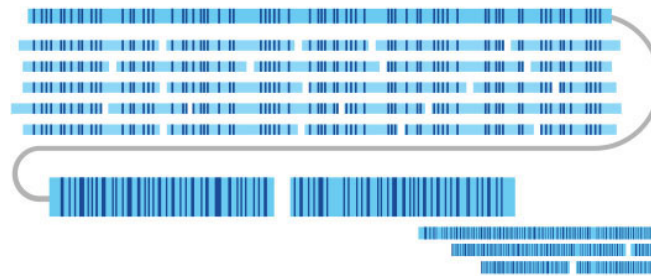


High-throughput, High-resolution Imaging of Megabase Length Molecules

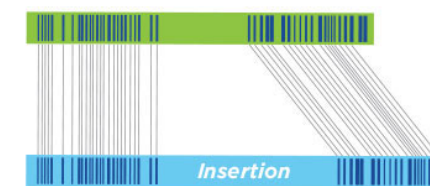
Algorithms
Convert Images
into Molecules



Assembly Algorithms Align
Molecules *de novo* to Construct
Consensus Genome Maps



Cross-Mapping Across
Multiple Samples or
to a Reference



- Automated SV Detection
- Scaffolding