



701-1425-00L - Genetic Diversity: Analysis

NGS: Introduction

Tuesday, June 18, 2019

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Next (Next) Generation Sequencing Hype







Next (Next) Generation Sequencing Reality





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The First Law of Technology says we invariably overestimate the short-term impact of a truly transformational discovery, while underestimating its longer-term effects.

https://www.scientificamerican.com/

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CATYPICAL WORKELOW

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Identification and Correction of Sample Mix-Ups in Expression Genetic Data: A Case Study

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"To map the genetic loci influencing a complex phenotype, one seeks to establish an **association between genotype and phenotype**. In such an effort, the maintenance of the concordance between genotyped and phenotyped samples and data is critical. **Sample mislabeling and other sample mix-ups will weaken associations**, resulting in reduced power and biased estimates of locus effects."

 Correct DNA in well
 DNA in well may be correct
 DNA duplicated
 Empty or control well
 DNA omitted
 DNA lost; has expression data
 DNA lost; no expression data
 DNA in well of unknown origin
 Indicates where a DNA was moved (different shades have no meaning)

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... the all-in-one NGS platform does not exist (yet)!

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Sanger (chain termination)

Roche 454 Pyrosequencing (pyrophosphate) Ion Torrent (semiconductor technology) Illumina Sequencing by Synthesis (fluorescent) **PacBio** (fluorophore) **Nanopore** (ionic current) Helicos - SeqLL (fluorescent) Bionano - Saphyr (third-generation optical mapping)

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The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1980 Paul Berg, Walter Gilbert, Frederick Sanger







Paul Berg

Walter Gilbert

Frederick Sanger

The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1980 was divided, one half awarded to Paul Berg "for his fundamental studies of the biochemistry of nucleic acids, with particular regard to recombinant-DNA", the other half jointly to Walter Gilbert and Frederick Sanger "for their contributions concerning the determination of base sequences in nucleic acids".





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http://www.illumina.com

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PACBIO[®] (Pacific Biosciences)

https://www.pacb.com



Data from a 35 kb size-selected E. coli library using the SMRTbell Express Template Prep Kit 2.0 on a Sequel II System (1.0 Chemistry, Sequel II System Software v7.0, 15-hour movie)*.

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- Research question
- Budged (including storage and anaylsis)
- Read / sequence length
- Number of reads / coverage
- Possible contaminants
- Quality and quantity of template
- Number of samples
- Availability

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GEN Genetic Engineering & Biotechnology News

NGS: Cost and Relevance Are Key to Buyers

Recent market research shows that, overall, cost per base was the most cited concern in the purchase of next generation sequencing instruments. However when asked to identify their top three concerns, more labs identifed "Appropriate to My Application" as their most important criteria.

The 10 Most Critical Platform Attributes as Defined by Purchasers

1.	Cost per base
2.	Sequencing data quality
3.	Appropriate for my application
4.	Reproducibility/accuracy
5	Amount of DNA/RNA needed

43% 34% 32% 31%

25%

5. Amount of DNA/KNA needed per experiment

6. Read length	24%
7. Instrument cost	18%
8. Number of reads	17%
9. Available software analysis tools	16%
10. Instrument reliability	16%

Source Beinformatics



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Illumina Sequence Read Data





Illumina Sequence Read Data





PacBio SMRTbell Library





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The **UniProt Knowledgebase** (**UniProtKB**) is the central hub for the collection of functional information on proteins, with accurate, consistent and rich annotation.

UniProtKB consists of two sections:

Reviewed (Swiss-Prot) - Manually annotated

Records with information extracted from literature and curator-evaluated computational analysis.

Unreviewed (TrEMBL) - Computationally analyzed Records that await full manual annotation.

Number of entries in UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot over time





The proportion of annotated genes and their types of annotations for nine sequenced genomes (as of February 2013). Humans (Homo sapiens) and Arabidopsis thaliana have the highest number of annotations for animals and plants, respectively. They also have the most experimentally derived annotations. Most other species, except Drosophila melanogaster, are annotated mostly electronically.

Primmer et al. (2013) Mol Ecol



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DATA SUBMBSION





The European Nucleotide Archive (ENA) captures and presents information relating to experimental workflows that are based around nucleotide sequencing. A typical workflow includes the isolation and preparation of material for sequencing, a run of a sequencing machine in which sequencing data are produced and a subsequent bioinformatic analysis pipeline. ENA records this information in a data model that covers input information (sample, experimental setup, machine configuration), output machine data (sequence traces, reads and quality scores) and interpreted information (assembly, mapping, functional annotation).



Sequence Read Archive (SRA) makes biological sequence data available to the research community to enhance reproducibility and allow for new discoveries by comparing data sets. The SRA stores raw sequencing data and alignment information from high-throughput sequencing platforms, including Roche 454 GS System®, Illumina Genome Analyzer®, Applied Biosystems SOLiD System®, Helicos Heliscope®, Complete Genomics®, and Pacific Biosciences SMRT®.

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Data Deposition Example from the Literature:

Mushegian *et al.* (2018) Environmental sources of bacteria and genetic variation in behavior influence host-associated microbiota. AEM doi:10.1128/AEM.01547-18.

Sequence data are deposited in the European Nucleotide Archive of the EBI under accession number PRJEB30308 (http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/data/view/PRJEB30308). Data tables, OTUs sequences and code used for analysis can be found on Github at https://github.com/amusheg/Daphnia-microbiota-behavior and will be deposited in Dryad upon publication.

EMBL-EBI																
European Nucleotide Archive								Exa	mples: <u>BN0000</u>	65, histone			Ac Se	earch dvanced equence		
Home Sear	ch & Browse	Submit & Upda	ate Softwar	e About EN	A Supp	ort										
Contact Helpdesk ⊠																
Microbiota ass	ociated with Day	ohnia exhibiting	genetic variat	ion in behavio	r											
/iew: Proje	ct XML Study	XML	5										Dow	nload: P	roject XML	Study XM
Name Microbiota of	browsing Daphn	ia					Subr Unive	nitting (ersitaet B	Centre Basel							
Secondary a ERP112744	ccession(s)															
examined whether genetic variation in animal behavior could affect the composition of the animal's microbiota in different environments. The freshwater crustacean Daphnia magna is primarily planktonic, but exhibits variation in the degree to which it browses in benthic sediments. We performed an experiment with clonal lines of D. magna showing different levels of sediment-browsing intensity exposed to either bacteria-rich or bacteria-poor sediment or whose access to sediments was prevented. We find that the bacterial composition of the environment and genotype-specific browsing intensity together influence the composition of the Daphnia-associated bacterial community. Exposure to more diverse bacteria did not lead to a more diverse microbiome, but greater abundances of environment-specific bacteria were found associated with host genotypes that exhibited greater browsing behavior. Our results indicate that, although there is a great deal of variation between individuals, behavior can mediate genotype-by-environment interaction effects on microbiome composition.																
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Download:	1 -	512	of 512 result	s in TEXT												
Select column	<u>s</u>															
Showing res	ults 1 - 10 of 5	12 results														
Study accession	Sample accession	Secondary sample accession	Experiment accession	Run accession	Tax ID	Scientific name	Instrument model	Library layout	FASTQ files (FTP)	FASTQ files (Galaxy)	Submitted files (FTP)	Submitted files (Galaxy)	NCBI SRA file (FTP)	NCBI SRA file (Galaxy)	CRAM Index files (FTP)	CRAM Index files (Galaxy)
PRJEB30308	SAMEA5166093	ERS2973813	ERX2993334	ERR2990925	1869227	bacterium	Illumina MiSeq	PAIRED	File 1 File 2	File 1 File 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	File 1	File 1		
PRJEB30308	SAMEA5166094	ERS2973814	ERX2993335	ERR2990926	1869227	bacterium	Illumina MiSeq	PAIRED	File 1 File 2	File 1 File 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	File 1	File 1		
PRJEB30308	SAMEA5166095	ERS2973815	ERX2993336	ERR2990927	1869227	bacterium	Illumina MiSeq	PAIRED	File 1 File 2	File 1 File 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	Fastq file 1 Fastq file 2	File 1	File 1		
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Display Setting Microbiota Microbiota a	^{gs:} - of browsing Daphnia ssociated with Daphnia exhibiting genet	ic variation in behavior	Accession: PRJEB30308	Send to: - ID: 516850	Related information BioSample	d information	
In many org Accession	panisms, host-associated microbial communitie	s are acquired horizontally afte	er birth. More		Recent activity	Turn Off Clear	
Scope	Monoisolate			Q PRJEB30308 (1)			
Submission	Registration date: 24-Jan-2019 Universitaet Basel			Microbiota of browsing Daph	BioProject		
Project Data:					The European Nucleotide A	rchive in 2017	
	Resource Name	Number of Links			A Benchmark Study on Erro and Quality Control of CCS	r Assessment Reads Derived	
SEQUENCE DAT	riments	512			Testing the potential of a ribo marker for DNA metabarcod	osomal 16S ling of insects	
BioSample	TS 9 Dataila	512				See more	

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Parameter

Data volume, Gbases Data volume, Mbytes Value 22

14805

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Choose the NGS technology according to your needs.

Keep your raw data safe and submit it as early as possible.

Coping one file (archive) is safer than coping multiple files.





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SEQUENCING TECHNOLOGIES Extended

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Capillary sequencing



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ATGACTGAGC chain termination * ¥ ddA ddG ddC ddT ACTG A T C T T T C TACTGACT T Fragments run through gel electrophoresis TACTGACTCG Laser beam Photomultiplier

PCR in presence of fluorescent, chain-terminating nucleotides

Fluorescent fragments detected by laser and represented on a chromatogram

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Pyrosequencing



GS Junior





The **PyroMark** uses Pyrosequencing technology for real-time, sequence-based detection and quantification of sequence variants and epigenetic methylation. The PyroMark Q24 is highly suited for the analysis of CpG methylation, SNPs, insertion/deletions, STRs, variable gene copy number, as well as for microbial identification and resistance typing.

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Pyrosequencing (pyrophosphate)



The first step cleaves the triphosphate nucleotide after an addition, releasing pyrophosphate. The second step converts pyrophosphate into adenosine triphosphate (ATP) via the enzyme ATP sulfurylase. The third step uses the newly synthesized ATP to catalyze the conversion of luciferin into oxyluciferin via the enzyme luciferase and this reaction generates a quanta of light that is captured from the picotiter plate by a charge- coupled camera.



Ion Torrent (semiconductor technology)





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Sequencing by Synthesis (fluorescent)



Sequencing by Synthesis. dNTP fluorescence is translated to a base call.

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	Sequencers 🗨	Sequencers 🗨	Sequencers 🛨	Sequencers 🗨
Product Model	DNBSEQ-T7	DNBSEQ-G400	DNBSEQ-G50	DNBSEQ-G400 FAST
Features	Ultra-high Throughput	Adaptive	Effective	Fast
Applications	Whole Genome Sequencing, Deep Exome Sequencing, Transcriptome Sequencing, and Targeted Panel Projects.	WGS, WES, Transcriptome sequencing and more	Small whole genome sequencing, targeted DNA/RNA panels, low-pass whole genome sequencing	Targeted DNA, RNA, Epigenetics and clinical applications
Flow Cell Type	FC	FCL & FCS	FCL & FCS	FCS
Lane/Flow Cell++	1 lane	4 Iane & 2 Iane	1 lane	2 Iane
Operation Mode	Ultra-high Throughput	High Throughput	Medium Throughput	Medium Throughput
Max. Throughput / RUN	6Tb	1440Gb	150Gb	330G
Effective Reads / Flow Cell	5000M	1500-1800M	500M / 100M	550M
Average run time	PE150 within 24 hours	~38 hours	10-66 hours	12-37 hours
Min. Read Length	PE100	SE50	SE50	SE100
Max. Read Length	PE150	SE400	PE150	PE150

https://en.mgitech.cn

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PacBio RS II



Long Read Lengths

Read Length

Read-length data shown above is from a 20 kb size-selected human library run on a PacBio RS II (6-hour movie, P6-C4 chemistry). The PacBio RS II SMRT Cells generate ~55,000 reads. The Sequel System generates ~370,000 reads per SMRT Cell.

e Sequel System generates ~3/

http://www.pacb.com

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Data from a 35 kb size-selected *E. coli* library using the SMRTbell Express Template Prep Kit 2.0 on a Sequel II System (1.0 Chemistry, Sequel II System Software v7.0, 15-hour movie)*.

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PacBio (fluorophore)





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