The European Nucleotide Archive

EMBL

Who We Are And How We Can Help

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European Nucleotide Archive



ENA Background

What We Do How We Structure Our Data



ENA Background: What Is ENA?



• A repository of the world's nucleotide data

Creators of tools for submission and retrieval

• European node of INSDC

• A basis for other tools



ENA Background: New Discoveries From Old Data



Cryo-EM structure of BK polyomavirus, PDBj

- Polyomavirus "many tumours"
- Buck et al. report discovery of new polyomaviruses in fish, cows, and sheep
- Sequence searches against INSDC data identified more new species in the genomes of 7 invertebrates
- Evidence that polyomavirus existed in the last common arthropod-vertebrate ancestor



Submitting Data: Why?

- All data in the ENA is submitted by members of the research community
- What motivates people to submit?
 - Open data
 - Reproducibility
 - Reusability
 - 3rd party access
 - Archival
 - Publication
 - MGnify





Data and Metadata Models

How We Structure Our Data



- ENA stores huge amounts of data
 - ... from many users
 - ... with samples from many taxa
 - ... who use many different techniques
 - ... and sequence on many different platforms
- But we need to display data in a consistent manner
- A robust data model is the first step in achieving this



- Sequence data is organised into tiers:
 - **Reads:** raw sequence data
 - Assemblies: reconstructions of actual replicons, full or partial
 - Annotations: interpretations of biological function
- Annotation and assembly are frequently paired





A FASTQ file is an example of data from the read tier:

@SRR6033657.1 1/1 GACCATCTAGCGACCTCCACCTCATCCGGTAGAGCGAATGATTATATCCCTTGTTTTCTAAACTACCTCAACCTATTCTC TACCTCCAACTAGTTGAGTACCCTGTCTTTCTTTCTTTATGAATCCTTTGTGTTTCGGTTCATATTGCCCC
AB8CEF,,C::CFEFGFGGFGDGGG>+CC,,,<@++8,, <c,,,,,<;cc,,,,6<,,,,;,,:9:c,, 9:C,:CC@C,,,:9C@,,,:,,,9,,,,:99?,,959?@@E,,,::,:,,,,55,,,,,,99AA+++44,,,,9,44,+</c,,,,,<;cc,,,,6<,,,,;,,:9:c,,
@SRR6033657.2 2/1 TTTGATGATGATTCCTTTCTCTTTCATTCGATGATCCCATCTGATTCTAATCCATTATTCCATTCAATCCCATTTTATGA AAATTCCATTCGATTCCTTTCAATGTGGTTGCCCCAGCTTGGTCAGGTTTTGGTGGAGGTTCGCTAGATGGT
+ ACC@ <e,,c<9egfggggggggggggggggggggggggfg99effffefg9,ccec,,<ce,cc,ceec,cce,,<c@c,cce,,<,, ,,,<cee,cce,,<ae@fbee,,<,:,,,,8c,47,+,:,,8a,,,9,9d,+9,,,,,99,4?,+,9,,9< td=""></cee,cce,,<ae@fbee,,<,:,,,,8c,47,+,:,,8a,,,9,9d,+9,,,,,99,4?,+,9,,9<></e,,c<9egfggggggggggggggggggggggggfg99effffefg9,ccec,,<ce,cc,ceec,cce,,<c@c,cce,,<,,
©SKR0033057.3 371 CACCATCTAGCGACCTCCACCTCTGCGTTTGGTTCATCCCACATCCCCAGTTCTTCTTACCTATATTGCCCCCTCTTTC CTCTCTCTTCCAACTTCTCTTTCTTCATCATCCATC
+ 8A,CEEA@E:@CFGFGGGGGGGGGGGCFCFFE,,CCEDFECC8C,,;,;:,,;<6C,;CC,;;,,,,<9,,:,:,8C@,, :,99CC,,6,<,,,,:<6:,9,,95:@,:,,59,,,,::4,,,,,5,9?,9AE+495,,,,449+,,,
GTTTGTCCCTCAAAACCTCCCCAAAAACTAGGGAAGCTAGCT
+ -ACB <fccccf8e-cdfgfggggfgcggdff8,,,cf9,,,,,,;;;,,,,,,;,<,,<,,,<,,,,,,,,,,,,,< td=""></fccccf8e-cdfgfggggfgcggdff8,,,cf9,,,,,,;;;,,,,,,;,<,,<,,,<,,,,,,,,,,,,,<>
@SRR6033657.5 571 ACCATTCTGAGGGAACCTTTGGGCGCCCCCGTTACCTTTTAGGAGGCTACCGCCCCAGTCAAACTTCCCGTCAGACACTG TCTCCGATAGCCATCACCTATCTGGGTTACAGTGGCCATAACACAAGGGTAGTATCCCATCCTCCTCCT
+ @CC9CEFGF,-,B@CFGFGGAFGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGC,C,,,6,,;6+:67@,,:9,,,::, <c@@c@,,,: 6CC,<c6?c++8+,,,,::5ba=,?a5,,4:?7,,,:,,49,ab,a,a,+,,+9,+e,?a<a,,8,74,?=4?:,< td=""></c6?c++8+,,,,::5ba=,?a5,,4:?7,,,:,,49,ab,a,a,+,,+9,+e,?a<a,,8,74,?=4?:,<></c@@c@,,,:

But is it interesting?



The Metadata Model

- Data without any context has no value
- Metadata tells us how sequence data was produced
- Makes it possible to compare datasets: *"I want to see data from bacteria ...*
 - ... in the Atlantic Ocean ...
 - ... sampled between 50-100m ...
 - ... between April and July ...

... compared with the same from the Indian Ocean"







CC0 Public Domain

Viruses have a range of effects on bees, but this is little studied outside one bee species (*Apis mellifera*) in N. America and Europe.

Galbraith *et al*. sequenced viral metagenomes of 11 bee species in 9 countries.

Developed a pipeline to assemble contigs from the data and identify viruses.









Collaborators across 4 continents sampled foraging bees

Details including the species and GPS coordinates were logged. Similar bees were homogenised to give 37 separate samples.

This information is recorded in the database.





SAMPLE Location: India Host: *Apis florea*

SAMPLE Location: Nicaragua Host: *Apis mellifera*

SAMPLE Location: Switzerland Host: Bombus impatiens

SAMPLE Location: Kenya Host: Apis mellifera





Viruses were isolated and their DNA/RNA extracted.

Following random, unbiased amplification, the material was sequenced on an Illumina MiSeq in 37 separate single-end experiments.







@SRR6033657.1 1/1 GACCATCTAGCGACCTCCACCTCATCCGGTAGAGCGAATGATTATATCCCTTGTTTTCTAAACTACCTCAACCTATTCTC TACCTCCAACTAGTTGAGTACCCTGTCTTTCTTTCTTTATGAATCCTTTGTGTTTCGGTTCATATTGCCCC --AB8CEF,,C::CFEFGFGGFGDGGG>+CC,,,<@++8,,<C,,,,,<;CC,,,,6<,,,,;,:9:C,, 9:C,:CC@C,,,:9C@,,,:,,9,,,,:99?,,959?@@E,,,::,:,,,55,,,,,99AA+++44,,,9,44,+ @SRR6033657.2 2/1 TTTGATGATGATTCCTTTCTCTTTCATTCGATGATCCCATCTGATTCTAATCCATTATTCCATTCAATCCCATTTATGA AAATTCCATTCGATTCCTTTCAATGTGGTTGTCGCTAGTTGGTCAGGTTTTGGTGGAGTTCGCTAGATGGT ,,,<CEE,CCE,,<AE@FBEE,,<,:,,,,8C,47,+,:,,8A,,,9,9D,+9,,,,99,4?,+,9,,9 @SRR6033657.3 3/1 CACCATCTAGCGACCTCCACCTCTCGCGTTTGGTTCATCCCACATCCCCAGTTCTTCTTACCTATATTGCCCCTCTTTC CTCTCTCTTCCAACTTCTCTTTCTTCATCATCCATTCCCTCCACACATCTCACCCCTTTTCTTTTATT --8A, CEEA@E:@CFGFGGGGGGGGGGGCFCFFE,, CCEDFECC8C,,;,;:,,;<6C,;CC,;;,,,,<9,,:,:,8C@,,</p> :,99CC,,6,<,,,,:<6:,9,,95:@,:,,59,,,,:,:,4,,,,,5,9?,9AE+495,,,,449+,,, @SRR6033657.4 4/1 -ACB<FCCCCF8E-CDFGFGGGGFGCGGDFF8,,,CF9,,,,,,;;;;,,,,,;;,<,,<,,;, 8,8,:99,,<9,66<,996,,,6<<@66@,,5:,,,,959,,9,,9,,,5,+,,99,+4++,4,,99,,94 @SRR6033657.5 5/1 ACCATTCTGAGGGAACCTTTGGGCGCCTCCGTTACCTTTTAGGAGGCTACCGCCCCAGTCAAACTTCCCGTCAGACACTG TCTCCGATAGCCATCACCTATCTGGGTTACAGTGGCCATAACACAAGGGTAGTATCCCATCCTCCTCTCT @CC9CEFGF,-,B@CFGFGGAFGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGC,C,,,6,,;6+:67@,,:9,,,::,<C@@C@,,,:</pre> 6CC,<C6?C++8+,,,,::5BA=,?A5,,4:?7,,,:,49,AB,A,A,+,,+9,+E,?A<A,,8,74,?=4?:,

The result of these experiments was a collection of 37 separate FASTQ files.

These were compressed and uploaded to a database, where they underwent processing and waited to be made public.







>ENA|PEHZ01000001|PEHZ01000001.1 Insect metagenome contig_0_374_CA-Am, whole genome shotgun sequence. GATACGTGTGCAGGTGCAAGGGTATGTGCATGGAGGGGTGCGTGTATAGGTGCGAGGATG TGTGGGGTGTGTAGGTGGAAGTGTGTGTGCATGGAGGATACGTGTGCAGGTGCAAGGGTA TGTGCATGGAGGGGTGCGTGTATAGGTGCGAGGATGTGTGGGGGTGTGTAGGTGTGAGGGT GTGTGTAGGGGGTGTGTAGGTGTGAGTGTGTTATGTGCATGGAGGGGTGTGCAGGTGCAA GGGTATGTGCATGGAGGGGTGCGTGTATAGGTGCGAGGATGTGTGGGGTGTGTAGGTGTG TGCAAGGGTATGTG >ENA|PEHZ01000002|PEHZ01000002.1 Insect metagenome contig_2_497_CA-Am, whole genome shotgun sequence. GACCATCTAGCGACCTCCACATACTAGGGTTAAAATACCCTAAAGTAGAAGCAAAAGTTA ATATATTAACGCATAACTATGAGATACTATTTCTCTGTTATGAAAATGATTAAGGATTAG TATGAGAATCTACGGGTTTTCTATTTCATCTGAGTTTATGCTGGAGTTCTATTATATCTA TTTAAACGAGAATAAAGAAACCCTAGATACTTTTATAACACAAAGAGATATTAACAATTT CTATTCACGTTTATTTAGTAGGTATGAATTAGAATACTATCTAAGATTCATTAATTGCAT AATGAAAGAAAATGAATGGTTAGAAAAAGAAATAAAAAACTTTCATTTACTTCTAGAATC TGGTAGTAACCTAATAGAAGATGATAATTTGATTATCATGCCAAAGATTATAGCGGAGTT AAAATAGTGAGTAAAATTGACCAGTTTCAGTGGAGGTCGCTAGATGGTCCGGGTTAGGTG GAGGTCGCTAGATGGTC >ENA|PEHZ01000003|PEHZ01000003.1 Insect metagenome contig_4_469_CA-Am, whole genome shotgun sequence. GACCATCTAGCGACCTCCACATCATTCGCTAAATGCAGTTCTGGATGCTTGTTTGGACTT TTCCATGAAGTGTATGTTTCTCCATCATCGACAGTCAATGTTGTACGCGAATCAGGAATC GTAGTCGATTGACTCACCGAGTCATCATCATCGGGCTCGACTGTCGATGAACTAATCGTG TCTGATGCATGAAAGGTACTGGGCCATTGTGTCGACCGAATTTGAAAAGTACGCCGTACC TCAGGAATCATCGGTGTGGGAACTTTGTAAAACATCAGTGTGTCATTTATCAAGACAGCT TTGAAAGGGCGCCATCCGCGCCCAGGGTCTTTAAGCTCAGTATTTGCCACAGTATCAGAA AACCAGGCAATACTAAACAGACCCGTGCTGCGTTTGATAAATCCTTCCAACAAGGCCCCT TCTTCGTCATTTGATCGAAATGGGGCCTGGTGGAGGTCGCTAGATGGTC >ENA|PEHZ01000004|PEHZ01000004.1 Insect metagenome contig_8_628_CA-Am, whole genome shotgun sequence. GACCATCTAGCGACCTCCACTCAAACCCTCCAAGGTGATTCGTAGCTCTAAAATAACCAC TATCGCTATCGTAATGAATTTCATCTTGAATCTCACTACCTGGTTTTTCAGCGGCTTTAA|

Read data for one of the samples was put through an assembly program (SPAdes) to produce a set of contigs which could be searched for evidence of viral origins.











ENA Background

• What object might the following attributes belong to?





Submitting Data

How You Can Join In



Submitting Data: How It's Done

- There are three submissions routes
- *'Interactive Submission':*
 - Use your browser to fill out web forms describing your work
- *'Programmatic Submission'*:
 - Describe your work in XML documents, submit them to us using cURL
- 'Webin-CLI':
 - Smart new submission interface, made in-house



Submitting Data: The Interactive Route

 Register your objects using your browser

• Familiar and largely accessible

• Prepare spreadsheets for bigger submissions

Home	New Submission	Studies	Samples	Runs	Analyses		
Start 🗸	>> Study	>>	Sample >>	Run >	> Finish		
Select an existing study or <u>Create a new study</u>							
Search by:				Accession / Unique name: ERP			
Show: • accession O unic Primary Acces	que name ssion Secondary Acce	ssion Title		Submission Date	© <u>Reset</u> Status		
O PRJEB33030	ERP115786	Taxonomi	ic Reference Set Of ITSoneDB Data	13-Jun-2019	Public		
PRJEB26575	ERP108573	Practice P	Programmatic Submission	03-May-2018	Confidential		
H 1-2 of 2 H Number of rows 100 V							
<< Previous					Next >>		
Please note that only spreadsheets in tab-delimited text format are supported (with either .tsv or .txt extensions). If you edited the spreadsheet in Microsoft Excel (or equivalent) please save the spreadsheet as Text (Tab delimited). To do this please see these instructions.							
<< Previous					Skip >>		
*	×						
					>		



Submitting Data: The Programmatic Route

• Prepare an XML file describing your submission

• Send this to us via HTTPS

• Example cURL command:

```
curl -u username:password \
```

- -F "SAMPLE=@sample.xml" \
- -F "SUBMISSION=@submission.xml" \

"https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/submit/drop-box/submit/"

<SUBMISSION>

</SUBMISSION>

<ACTIONS>

</ACTIONS>

<ACTION>

</ACTION>

<ADD/>

<SAMPLE SET> <SAMPLE alias="SWAm"> <TITLE>SWAm</TITLE> <SAMPLE NAME> <TAXON ID>1234904</TAXON ID> <SCIENTIFIC NAME>insect metagenome</SCIENTIFIC NAME> </SAMPLE NAME> <SAMPLE ATTRIBUTES> <SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <TAG>collection date</TAG> <VALUE>01-Aug-2015</VALUE> </SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <TAG>host</TAG> <VALUE>Apis mellifera</VALUE> </SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <SAMPLE_ATTRIBUTE> <TAG>isolation source</TAG> <VALUE>Whole body homogenate</VALUE> </SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <TAG>lat lon</TAG> <VALUE>46.5197 N 6.6323 E</VALUE> </SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <TAG>geo loc name</TAG> <VALUE>Switzerland</VALUE> </SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <TAG>samp size</TAG> <VALUE>10</VALUE> </SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> <TAG>BioSampleModel</TAG> <VALUE>Metagenome or environmental</VALUE> </SAMPLE ATTRIBUTE> </SAMPLE ATTRIBUTES> </SAMPLE> </SAMPLE SET>



- Submit your data in a single step
- Pre-submission validation
 - Confidence that your submission has worked
- Describe your submission in a manifest file:



Only way to submit assembly data





- Required options:
 - -context the type of data to be submitted
 - -manifest location of file describing the submission
 - -username your Webin username
 - -password your Webin password
- Other options

- -submit instruction to submit the data
- -validate
- -test

- instruction to just validate without submitting
- use the test server, submission is forgotten after 24 hours



• Anatomy of a command:





Validate the files

Submitting Data: Practical Exercise

- Use the Interactive and Programmatic interfaces as well as Webin-CLI to submit a dataset to the ENA test service
 - \$ ssh student<??>@gdcsrv2.ethz.ch # replace ?? with your student number
- Let me know if you have any questions or need any help with the practical exercise

 Future comments, questions and concerns to our helpdesk: <u>https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/browser/support</u>



ENA Metagenomic Standards

Understanding And Exploiting Them



ENA Metagenomic Standards – Metadata Recap





ENA Metagenomic Standards – Why Are They Different?





















ENA Metagenomic Standards – Data Submission Recap

- There are three submissions routes
- *'Interactive Submission':*
 - Use your browser to fill out web forms describing your work
- *'Programmatic Submission'*:
 - Describe your work in XML documents, submit them to use using cURL
- 'Webin-CLI':
 - Smart new submission interface, made in-house



ENA Metagenomic Standards – Study Registration

Use Webin Interactive to fill out a form in your browser:

Please specify the release date of your study: This is when your study will be made public.	Please provide attributes to add a deeper description of the study: Tag FieldType
17-Dec-2018	Add
Please provide a short name for the study: metagenome_study	Please provide PubMed IDs of publications you want to associate with the study: (numeric value) PubMed IDs
Please provide a short descriptive title for the study: (*) An Example Of A Metagenome Study	For genome assembly projects only: In this study, will you provide functional genome annotation? (*) PLEASE ANSWER WITH YES IF YOU HAVE ANNOTATION: Locus tag prefixes are only associated to studies providing functional genome annotation. Yes No
Please provide an abstract to describe the study in detail: (*)	NO
A longer description goes here, often a paper abstract	

Or submit an XML via REST:

<SUBMISSION> <ACTIONS> <ACTION> <ADD/> </ACTION> </ACTIONS> </SUBMISSION>

<PR0JECT_SET>

<PROJECT alias="metagenome_study"> <NAME>metagenome_study</NAME> <TITLE>An Example Of A Metagenomic Study</TITLE> <DESCRIPTION>A longer description goes here, often a paper abstract</DESCRIPTION> <SUBMISSION PROJECT> <SEQUENCING_PROJECT/> </SUBMISSION PROJECT> <PR0JECT_LINKS> <PROJECT LINK> <XREF LINK> <DB>PUBMED</DB> <ID>28043580</ID> </XREF_LINK> </PROJECT_LINK> </PROJECT_LINKS> </PROJECT> </PROJECT SET>



ENA Metagenomic Standards – Environmental Samples

Please select the most appropriate checklist from the list below then click the Next >> button.

GSC MIxS human oral

Genomic Standards Consortium package extension for reporting of measurements and observations obtained from the environment where the sample was obtained. By choosing the environmental package, a selection of fields can be made from a relevant subsets of the GSC terms.

GSC MIxS human skin

Genomic Standards Consortium package extension for reporting of measurements and observations obtained from the environment where the sample was obtained. By choosing the environmental package, a selection of fields can be made from a relevant subsets of the GSC terms.

GSC MIxS human vaginal

Genomic Standards Consortium package extension for reporting of measurements and observations obtained from the environment where the sample was obtained. By choosing the environmental package, a selection of fields can be made from a relevant subsets of the GSC terms.

GSC MIxS microbial mat biolfilm

Genomic Standards Consortium package extension for reporting of measurements and observations obtained from the environment where the sample was obtained. By choosing the environmental package, a selection of fields can be made from a relevant subsets of the GSC terms.

GSC MIxS plant associated

Genomic Standards Consortium package extension for reporting of measurements and observations obtained from the environment where the sample was obtained. By choosing the environmental package, a selection of fields can be made from a relevant subsets of the GSC terms.

GSC MIxS soil

Genomic Standards Consortium package extension for reporting of measurements and observations obtained from the environment where the sample was obtained. By choosing the environmental package, a selection of fields can be made from a relevant subsets of the GSC terms.

GSC MIxS wastewater sludge

Genomic Standards Consortium package extension for reporting of measurements and observations obtained from the environment where the sample was obtained. By choosing the environmental package, a selection of fields can be made from a relevant subsets of the GSC terms.

GSC MIxS water

Genomic Standards Consortium package extension for reporting of measurements and observations obtained

Sample checklists ensure data standards are met and that metadata is consistent between submitters

Make sure you:

- Pick the most appropriate checklist
- Use environmental taxonomy



human gut metagenome

Taxonomy ID: 408170 Scientific name: **human gut metagenome** Inherited blast name: **metagenomes** Rank: **species**

Homo sapiens

Taxonomy ID: 9606 Scientific name: *Homo sapiens* Linnaeus, 1758 Inherited blast name: **primates** Rank: **species**



ENA Metagenomic Standards – Binned And MAG Samples



Binned and MAG samples are virtual samples that contain information on binning and assembly methods. They also define the taxonomy of the assembly.

Make sure you:

 \checkmark

- Pick the GSC MIMAG checklist for MAG samples
- Pick the **ENA binned metagenome** checklist for binned samples
- Use uncultured taxonomy

uncultured Bacteroidales bacterium Taxonomy ID: 194843 Scientific name: uncultured Bacteriodales bacterium Inherited blast name: CFB group bacteria

Rank: species



• Anatomy of a command:



INFO : The submission has been validated successfully.



Validate the files

ENA Metagenomic Standards – Assembly Types

>NODE_300_length_79427_cov_7.113844				
TTCATTCTTCATTCTTCATTCTTCATTCTTCATTCTTCATTCTTC	CATTCTTCATTTCCCT			
CTTGATATCCCTGAACACGCTCCACGCCACTGGGACGGAAAGAAG	GGAAGGAACAGACGTC			
GGACACTGCCTGGCTCATTTCCACCCCAGCAAGTCCGAGGAACATGGGCAGGATGATTAC				
GGCAGGGATGAAGAACAGGCCGTTTCTTGCCGCCGCCACGATGTT	TGGCACGCAGCGTCTT			
GCGCACCGTCTGCGACAGCATGTTGGTGAGGATGATTGCGGCGATGAGCGGATAGGTGGC				
AAGCTGCCAGCGGAACGCCGCACAGCCCACGGCAATCACATGATC	GGTCATCGCGGAACAC			
GCTGATGATGGGCGAAGTGAAGAGGAAGCCGATGACGGTGAGGAT	TAATGAAGAACACGGT			
GCCTATCCTGACGCAATACATATAGCCCTCGTATATCCTGTCGT	AGAGCTTTGCTCCGTA			
GCAGAAGCCGCAGAGAGGTTGGAACCCCTGTCCCAGACCCACTAT	TGCCGGCGTAGACGAA			
GTTGGAAATGCGGGTGACGATCGACATTCCGGCTATGGCGGCATC	CGCCGTAGGCTCCCGC			
ACTGACATTAAGCATCATCGTGGCCACGCTGGCAAGTCCCTGGCC	GCGAGAGCGACGGGGT			
GCCTCCGGCAATGATTTCCTTGATGAGGGCAGGCGATGCACAGAA	AGTTCTTCAGTCTTAT			
TGCGATGTTCCCGCTATGGCGCGTCATGCGCAGCAGGATGAAC**				
GACGAGCGTCGCCACGGCGGCTCCCGTGATACCAAGACAGAA				
GGCAAGCACCACGTTGAGCAGCACGCCGCTCAGTATTCCGTA	STUDT ERF123430			
TCCCTGGAAGCGCATCTGGTTGTTCAGCGTGAAGGAGCTCGT(
GAGTATTATGCCGAGATAGCGCTCCGTATAGGGCAGGATGGT	SAMPLE ERS123456			
GAGACAGAIGICGGAAAGGAACAGIAGGCCGACIACGGCAAG				
	ASSEMBLYNAME mvAssembly			
	ASSEMBLY TYPE primary metagenome			
	COVERAGE 25			
	PROGRAM metaspadesv3.11.1			
	I I			
	PLATEORM Illumina MiSeq			
ΔΤΓΓΩΤΓΩΩΓΩΔΤΑΤΔΑΤΔΤΩΔΓΩΔΔΩΩΓΤΤΩΔΔΩΓΓΩΔΩΓΤΙ	FASTA metagenome fasta dz			
	TAOTA Melayenume.iasia.yz			

GATAGAACACGGCTTCGGAGTAGAGGTTGTCGCTCCGCTTCAGctogcotocatcaco TTGTCAGCGGAGTCTCCTTGCAGTATATCATCTGCGTGTTGCCCGGCATGTTCTCCTCAA TGCATCTGCCCATGAATACTATGCCCTTCTGCCGCAGACGGCGCGTCAGACGGTCGCCGA ACTCATCCTTCCTCCCCACCAGAAGCGGCGAGAGAACAGGGTTCTTGTCGTCCCAGCACC TCGTGTCGATGCCCAATGCCGCTATGCCGCTGTCCACTATGCCGCTGATGCCGCTGGCAA

- Prepare your sequence files
- Prepare a manifest file
 - Information on methods
 - Sample/study reference
 - File names
- Send these to ENA with one command

webin-cli -context genome -manifest lib_01_manifest.txt -submit -userName "Webin-1234" -password XXXX



Submitting Data: Practical Exercise

- Use the Programmatic interface as well as Webin-CLI to submit a binned metagenome dataset to the ENA test service
 - \$ ssh student<??>@gdcsrv2.ethz.ch # replace ?? with your student number
- Let me know if you have any questions or need any help with the practical exercise

 Future comments, questions and concerns to our helpdesk: <u>https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/browser/support</u>

